Energy Efficiency Update

PAC Meeting April 14, 2011

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Overview

- Update on the ongoing efforts to analyze state sponsored energy efficiency (EE) in New England
 - Detailed data request to region's EE program administrators (PAs)
- Present initial observations
 - Initial meetings with PA's indicate that the Forward Capacity
 Market (FCM) seems to be capturing nearly all state-sponsored
 EE in the region
- Next steps
 - Meet with MA & RI
 - Continue discussions with other ISOs & stakeholders



Exploring an Energy Efficiency Forecast

Background

- Ongoing efforts by ISO & stakeholders to explore potential improvements to forecasting and planning
- ISO analyzing data on short-term savings as well as long-term forecasting
- Explore the potential to develop a discrete EE forecast in addition to ISO's load forecast



ISO's Current Practice

EE Incorporated

- Installed Capacity Requirement (ICR)
 - EE resources in the FCM are treated as resources that contribute toward meeting New England's ICR
- Load forecast
 - Reflects past EE not in FCM
 - Reflects future Federal appliance efficiency standards starting in 2013

Long-term EE Not Incorporated

 State EE program goals alone are not used to reduce the load forecast



Exploring Non-FCM EE

- States concerned that EE investments outside of FCM are not fully taken into account by existing practices
- December 2010 PAC presentation from MA DPU
 - Stated ISO forecast will miss other EE capacity in 2012
 - Requested ISO work closely with PAs to better understand amount of EE both in and outside FCM
- If there are EE savings out there, where are they and how do we find them?



Exploring Non-FCM Energy Efficiency

- In February, ISO provided EE PAs with a EE data collection template designed to quantify future EE savings
 - Template modeled after Northeast Energy Efficiency
 Partnerships (NEEP) Common Statewide Energy Efficiency
 Reporting Guidelines
- Data collection template designed to
 - Determine amount of EE attributable to PAs that is not in the FCM
 - Provide detailed information on future projections of EE
 - Determine if PAs have specific data to aid in potential forecasting/planning such as locational or temporal data on EE



Energy Efficiency Data Collection Template¹

State:	Program Year:	ENERGY (MWh)				Demand (MW)				Forward Capacity Market				
XX	20 YY	Adjusted Gross A	djusted Gross Annual Energy Savings		Net Annual Energy Savings		Adjusted Gross Annual Demand Savings		Net Annual Demand Savings		Qualified Forward Capacity Market		Non-FCM (Not Qualified)	
Energy Savings By Sector and Program		Facility Level Energy Savings (FLES)	Generator Level Energy Savings T&D Loss Factor (GLES)	Facility Level Energy Savings (FLES)	Generator Level Energy Savings T&D Loss Factor (GLES)	Facility Level Demand Savings (FLDS)	Generator Level Demand Savings T&D Loss Factor (GLDS)	Facility Level Demand Savings (FLDS)	Generator Level Demand Savings T&D Loss Factor (GLDS)	Cleared Capacity (MW)	Commercial Capacity (MW)	Proposed Capacity (MW)	Commercial Capacity (MW)	
		, ,	(FLES x 1.08)	, ,	(FLES x 1.08)	, ,	(FLDS x 1.08)	, ,	(FLDS x 1.08)					
Residential Non-Low Income Sector Energy Savings by Program														
Electric Efficiency Programs 1, 2, 3 etc (list)														
SUBTOTAL														
Residential Low Income Sector Energy Savings by Program														
Electric Efficiency Programs 1, 2, 3 etc (list)														
SUBTOTAL														
Commercial & Industrial Sector Energy Savings by Program														
Electric Efficiency Programs 1, 2, 3 etc (list)														
SUBTOTAL														
Other Customer Sector Energy Savings by Program														
Electric Efficiency Programs 1, 2, 3 etc (list)														
SUBTOTAL														
TOTAL ENERGY EFFICIENCY SAVINGS:														

¹ Template Modeled after NEEP Common Statewide Energy Efficiency Reporting Guidelines, Ver 1. December 2010. NEEP project subcommittee included NE stakeholders.



Status

- Data collection template sent out to 16 PAs February 1, 2011
- Conference call with all PAs February 8, 2011 to explain the process and review the template
- ISO, PAs & States held follow-up meetings to discuss PA submission of EE data collection template March/April
 - To date, meetings have been held with PAs from all states except
 MA & RI
- Analysis of data submissions ongoing



Preliminary Observations

- Based on meetings with CT, ME, NH and VT, majority of PAs report no EE outside of what is offered into FCM
 - MA and RI meetings to be held later this month
- No clear trends in market participation over 6 years of qualification process
- No clear relationship between program funding and FCM project size or delivery date
- Program year and FCM years are not correlated
- PAs indicated that funding is primary variable driving future EE implementation



Preliminary Observations, cont.

- Long-term (5-10 year) estimates of future EE savings challenging for PAs
 - 2 of 16 PAs provided estimates of future EE savings
- More detailed information on the following would aid our analysis
 - Locational information of EE resources (assumed to be proportional with load)
 - EE load profile
 - Measure-specific information
 - Future state EE funding levels



Remaining Issues

- Continue efforts to collect and analyze PA information
- New England states are making large investments in EE through many programs
- Difficult to track the amount of EE that is not in the FCM
- States and stakeholders want to be sure that consumers receive the full benefits of their EE investments
 - Short-term: Contribute to meeting ICR
 - Long-term: May defer the year of need for transmission projects
- Overstating these amounts could compromise the reliability of the system which could fail to meet mandatory reliability standards



Need for Additional Analysis

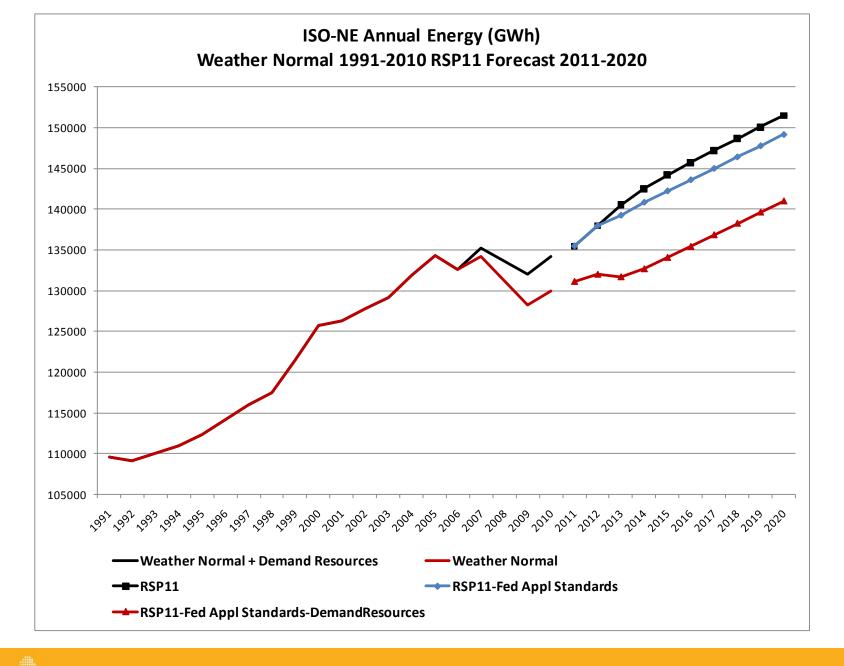
- How to adequately prevent double counting of statesponsored EE as both Capacity product EE resources and as a modifier to the load forecast?
 - Example: Federal appliance efficiency standards are in the load forecast and should not be double counted
- How will measure life, and technology advancement be addressed over the long term?
 - Are their adequate predictors of measure level performance and persistence for future program implementation
 - What are reliable sources of information on technology and codes evolution that can be used to predict future changes



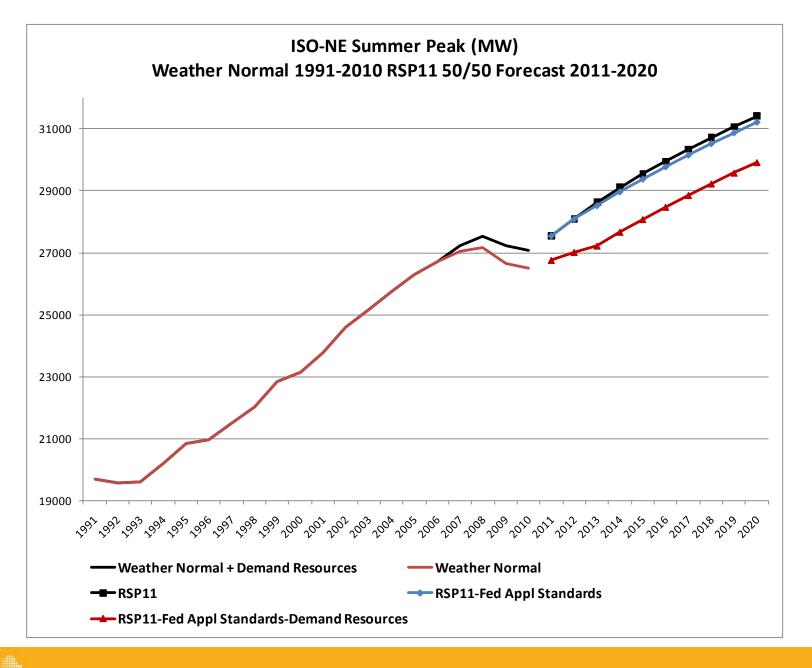
Need for Additional Analysis, cont.

- What predictors can be used to estimate economic and market impacts on future program implementation?
- Are there better methods to identify penetration of EE programs in specific geographic locations?











Long-Term Forecast of Energy Efficiency in Other ISO/RTOs

- Via the IPSAC process ISO has gathered information on how other ISOs account for EE
- PJM: Process very similar to ISO NE's, account for EE in the capacity market, no specific EE forecast
- NYISO: Prepares an EE forecast; projects future impacts based on current trends of program adoption; uses measure type and geographic information; state EE goals discounted



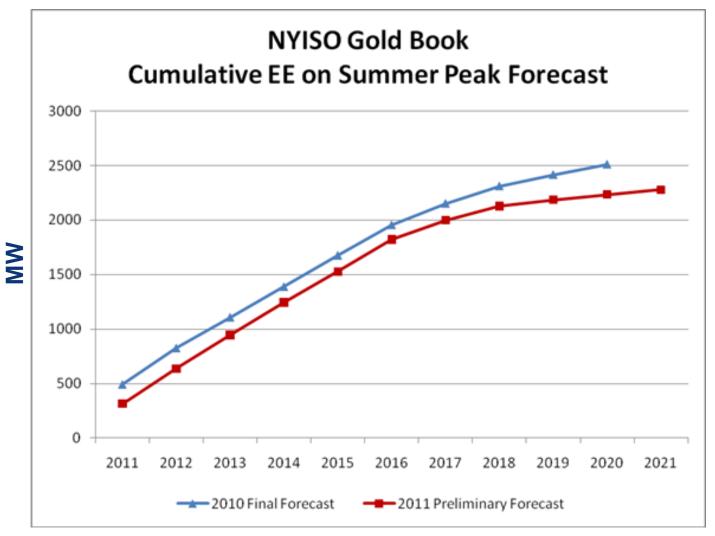
Overview of NYISO EE Forecasting Method¹

- Review recent past performance of actual rates of implementation
- Factor in assumptions on future spending levels and whether programs are in steady-state or growth mode
- Increase impacts to account for system T&D losses
- Distribute statewide program impacts (NYPA & NYSERDA) proportional to zonal energy
- Develop peak demand impacts on a measure-specific basis

¹http://www.nyiso.com/public/webdocs/committees/bic_espwg/meeting_materials/2011-02-25/02252011_EE_Forecast_ESPWG.pdf



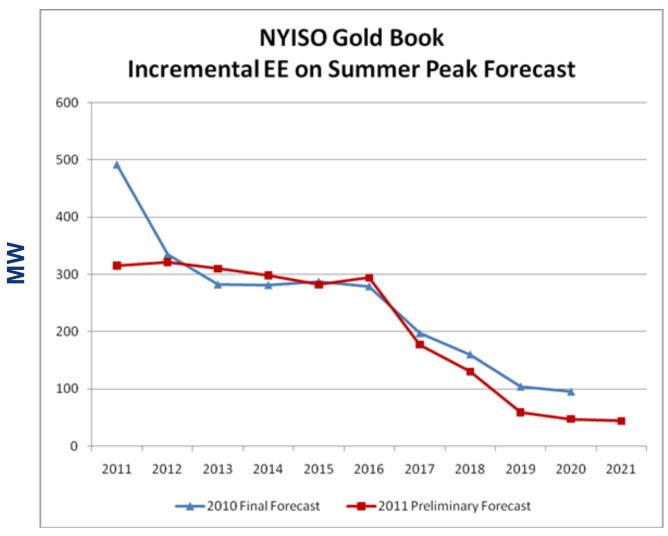
NYISO Energy Efficiency Forecast



Adapted from: http://www.nyiso.com/public/webdocs/committees/bic_espwg/meeting_materials/2011-03-17/2011_Long_Term_Forecast_v2_.pdf



NYISO Energy Efficiency Forecast



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Long-Term Forecast of Energy Efficiency in Other ISO/RTOs, cont.

- CAISO: Does not have an EE forecast
- ERCOT: Forecasts EE impacts based on data that is provided by the Transmission Service Providers; impacts are held constant for shorter-term load forecasts (1-5 years)
- AESO: Do not have comparable EE programs so they have no EE forecast
- SPP: SPP does not currently perform the load forecast and therefore has no specific methodology for incorporating EE into a load forecast



Next Steps

- Complete data gathering activities with PAs (April)
- Evaluate approaches, including those used by other ISOs/RTOs, and determine the appropriateness for New England (discussed with IPSAC on 3/30 and complete evaluation by 5/31)
- Evaluate existing ISO planning procedures and treatment of EE (by 5/31)
- Update PAC as part of Administrative items and conduct more in depth discussions at the June and July PAC meetings
- Assess comments from PAC and refer to Technical Committees as appropriate (Q3/Q4 2011)

