

### Post Winter 2013/14 Review

Electric/Gas Operations Committee

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PRINCIPAL ENGINEER - SYSTEM PLANNING

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## Post Winter 2013/14 Review Winter Reliability Program

Winter Program Inventory<sup>1</sup>

Awarded (Initial Inventory): 3,057,554 Barrels

Awarded (Replenishment): 484,477 Barrels

Initial Inventory Shortfall as of Dec 1: 53,742 Barrels

Program Oil burned through Feb 28: 2,700,468 Barrels

• Equivalent Oil MWh burned<sup>2</sup> 1,620,279 MWh

- Approximately 530,000 barrels of program inventory not available during January
- Approximately 112,000 barrels of program inventory not available during February

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Winter Program Inventory reflects only inventory obligated within the Program - it excludes oil from Program units above obligated amounts and excludes inventory from non-Program units.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Based on an average heat content of 6,000,000 Btu/Barrel and proxy heat rate of 10,000,000 Btu/MWh.

## Post Winter 2013/14 Review Winter Reliability Program – cont'd

- Program Dollars\*
  - FERC approved program value was \$75.1M
  - As of January 31, total program payment reductions totaled \$8.1M, including:
    - Failure to Test Fuel-Switch: \$116K
    - Failure to commit initial inventory: \$238K
    - Failure to Replenish: \$1.1M
    - Unit Unavailability: \$6.7M

<sup>\*</sup>Note: Figures are preliminary estimates only (subject to change).

### Post Winter 2013/14 Review Winter Reliability Program - Fleet Oil Inventory

New England Fleet<sup>1</sup> Fuel Oil Survey Inventory

- As of Dec 1: 3,544,945 Barrels

- As of Jan 2: 3,321,735 Barrels

As of Feb 3: 1,874,983 Barrels

As of Mar 3: 2,579,320 Barrels

- Much of the remaining oil inventory is concentrated in a small number of units
  - Creates limited diversity

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> NE Fleet usable inventory reflects all oil units, regardless of participation in Winter 2013/14 program

### December 2013 – Operations Review

## Post Winter 2013/14 Review December 14, 2013 Capacity Deficiency

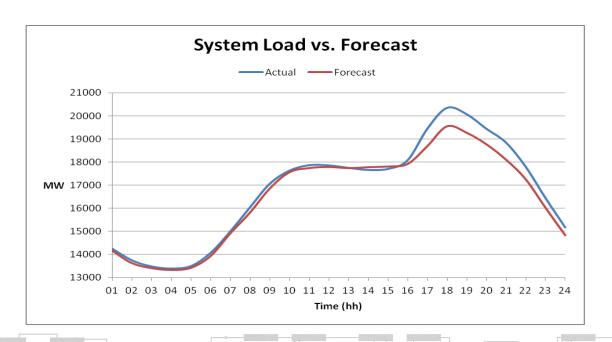
- On Saturday evening, December 14, 2013, the New England Balancing Area implemented M/LCC #2 - Abnormal Conditions Alert and OP #4 - Action During A Capacity Deficiency to manage a reserve deficiency on the system
- The primary contributing factors causing the deficiency included:
  - Interchange curtailments from neighboring systems
  - Loads running over the forecast
  - Generator outages and reductions approximately 400 MW
- ISO-NE experienced shortages in Ten and Thirty Minute Reserves and a "Shortage Event" as defined under FCM Market Rules

### Post Winter 2013/14 Review Interchange Curtailments

- The expected net deliveries for the peak hour were 3,277 MW and the actual net deliveries were 2,591 MW due to curtailments
- The majority of curtailments were experienced on the Hydro-Quebec interfaces due to loads in HQ running over forecast
- Control Area to Control Area Emergency Import purchased from 17:42 – 18:30 (240 MW from New York)
- No capacity transactions were curtailed across any interface during the event

### Post Winter 2013/14 Review Loads Over Forecast

- For the first 16 hours on Saturday, the actual load vs. forecast load was very close as can be seen on the load graph below
- During HE 17:00, the actual load started to diverge above the forecast value significantly and ultimately by 632 MW



# Post Winter 2013/14 Review Shortage Event

• The timeline for the "Shortage Event" is as follows:



### Post Winter 2013/14 Review Shortage Event – cont'd

- December 14, 2013 FCM Shortage Event
  - Total event duration 16:50 18:15 p.m. (85 minutes)
    - Based on contiguous overlap of:
      - System TMNSR violation 16:50 17:30 (40 minutes)
      - System TMOR violation 16:35 18:15 combined with OP4 Action 2 at 17:07 18:15
  - Shortage Event penalties (estimated) total \$6.7M \*
    - 132 Generators: \$6.692M
      - 21 resources and \$629K in Maine Capacity Zone
      - 111 resources and \$6.063M in Rest-of-Pool Capacity Zone
    - 3 Imports: \$45K

<sup>\*</sup> Subject to verification

# Post Winter 2013/14 Review M/LCC #2 & OP #4 Implementation Timeline on December 14, 2013

Action(s)	Implemented	Canceled
M/LCC #2	17:00	10:00 on 12/15/13
OP#4 Action 1	17:00	21:30
OP#4 Action 2	17:07	20:45
OP#4 Action 5	17:40	18:30

# Post Winter 2013/14 Review Winter Reliability Program DR Assets Dispatched Performance Across Entire Dispatch – cont'd

14th, 2013 Re	he December eal Time Event Time)	MW Dispatched	Initial Performance (net of performance allocated to	Percent Performance vs. Dispatch
(after 30			coincident OP4 Dispatch)	
minute ramp)	End Time		,	
5:35 PM	9:50 PM	21	30.975	147.5%

### Post Winter 2013/14 Review

RTDR Performance under Action #2 of OP #4 on December 14th, 2013 (includes Winter Reliability Program Assets)
Including all Intervals of Dispatch (17:40 to 20:50)

Load Zones	Dispatched MW (Net CSO)	Initial Performance (MW)	Percentage of Initial Performance to Dispatched MW
СТ	52.1	19.3	37.0%
ME	126.9	133.5	105.2%
NEMA	3.5	1.6	44.0%
NH	3.2	1.4	45.1%
RI	10.2	6.1	59.6%
SEMA	7.0	0.3	3.9%
VT	25.9	23.2	89.5%
WCMA	19.0	6.0	31.8%
Total	247.8	191.3	77.2%

### **SYSTEM OPERATIONS – DECEMBER 2013**

### **System Operations – December 2013**

Weather Patterns	Boston	Max 57, Min 9	recipitation 4.55" (Liquid ) Above Average			Max 65, Mi	n 5 n  2.72" (Lid	Average ( -1.3) quid) – Below Average
Peak Load:		21,514 MV	V December 17, 2013		18:00			
MLCC2:	MLCC2:							
12/1	2/13	08:30 - 21	:00 All	All of New England		Capacity Deficiency		eficiency
12/14/13 -	- 12/15/13	17:00 – 10	:00 All	All of New England		Capacity Deficiency		eficiency
12/1	7/13	10:30 - 21	30 All of New England		Capacity Deficiency		eficiency	
<u>OP-4 :</u>								
12/1	4/13	16:48 – 20	:45 All	of New Eng	land	d Capacity Deficiency Steps 1,2, and		Steps 1,2, and 5
NPCC Simultaneous Activation of Reserve Events:								
	12/02/20	13	NYISO			501 MW		. MW
	12/12/20	13	ISO-NE		790 MW		MW	
	12/15/20	13	ISO-NE		518 MW		MW	
	12/23/2013		NYISO			520	MW	

### System Operations – December 2013 - cont'd

#### Minimum Generation Warnings & Events:

William Generation Warrings & Events.						
Minimum Generation Warning	12/01/13 – 12/02/13	Start-23:00, Expired-06:00 Interchange Cuts Only				
Minimum Generation Warning	12/03/13	Start-00:01 Expired-06:00 No Actions Taken				
Minimum Generation Warning	12/06/13	Start-00:01, Expired-06:00 Interchange Cuts Only				
Minimum Generation Warning	12/08/13	Start- 06:00, Expired-09:00 SS Denied Only				
Minimum Generation Warning	12/21/13	Start – 13:00, Expired – 17:00 Interchange Cuts Only				
Minimum Generation Warning	12/21/13 – 12/22/13	Start – 22:00, Expired – 10:00 Interchange Cuts Only				
Minimum Generation Event	12/21/13 – 12/22/13	Start-23:00, Expired-05:00 Interchange Cuts Only				
Minimum Generation Warning	12/22/13 – 12/23/13	Star-22:00, Expired-09:00 Interchange Cuts & SS Denied				
Minimum Generation Warning	12/23/13	Start-21:00, Expired-23:59 No Actions Taken				
Minimum Generation Warning	12/24/13	Start-00:01, Expired-08:00 Interchange Cuts & SS Denied				
Minimum Generation Event	12/24/13	Start-01:30, Expired-05:00 Interchange Cuts Only				
		Interchange Cuts Only				

### System Operations – December 2013 - cont'd

#### Minimum Generation Warnings & Events:

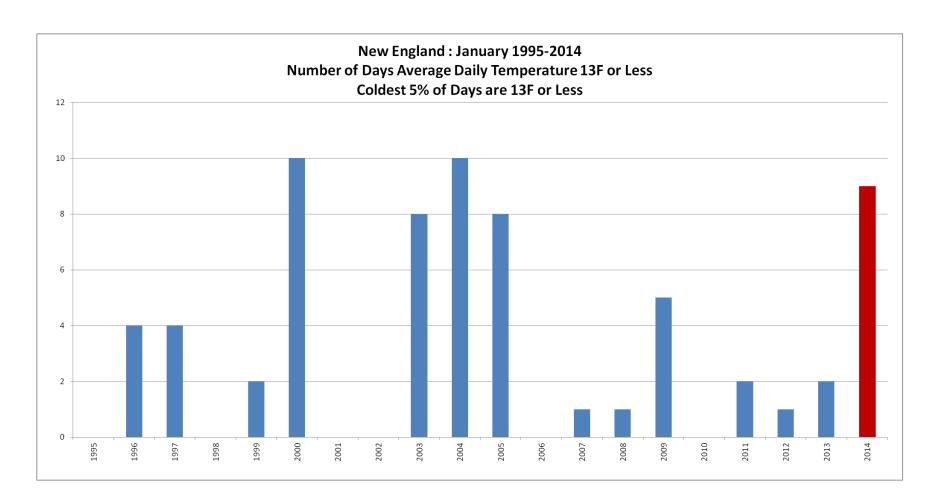
Minimum Generation Warning	12/26/13	Start-03:00, Expired-06:00 No Actions Taken
Minimum Generation Warning	12/30/13	Start- 01:00, Expired-08:00 Interchange Cuts Only
Minimum Generation Event	12/30/13	Start – 02:00, Expired – 06:00 Interchange Cuts Only

### January 2014 – Operations Review

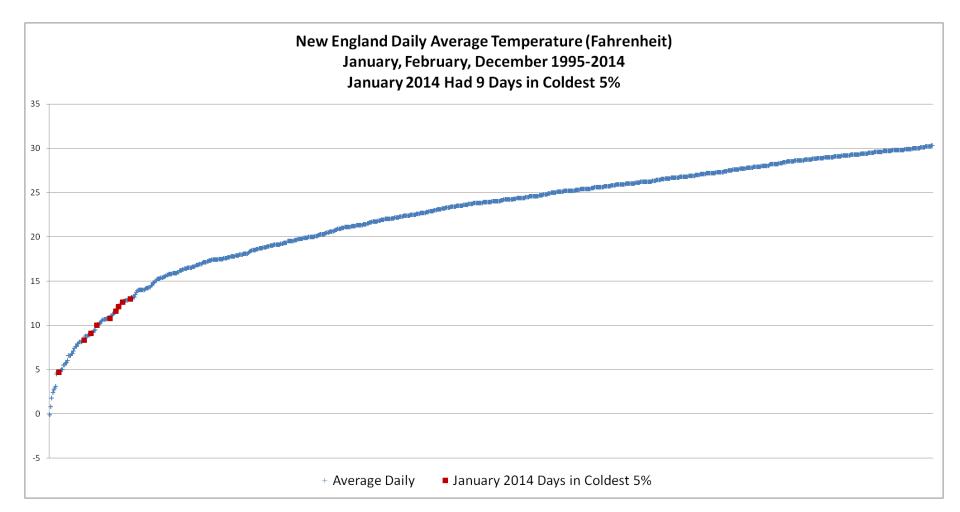
## Post Winter 2013/14 Review Cold Weather – January 2014

- Temperatures were below average for the month
- Three distinct weather periods
  - January 1 10 was unusually cold
  - January 11 20 was mild
  - January 21 28 was unusually cold again
- Ranks among the coldest months in recent history
  - 9 days in January 2014 were in the coldest 5% of days over the past 20 years

# Post Winter 2013/14 Review January Temperature by Year



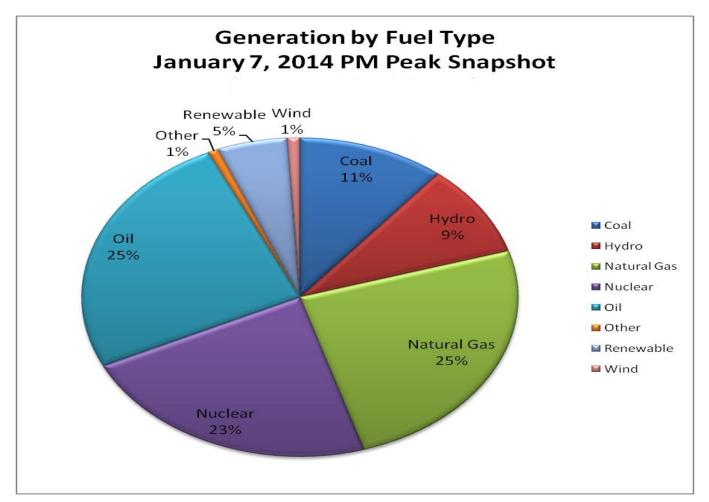
# Post Winter 2013/14 Review New England Daily Average Temperatures



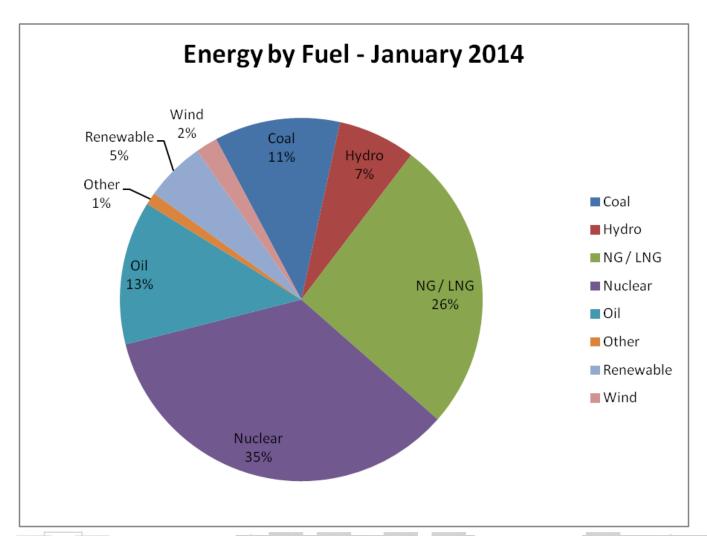
## Post Winter 2013/14 Review New England Fuel Mix

- Gas and fuel oil price inversion has led to oil being in economic merit and thus base loaded
  - When temperatures fall and gas prices increase above that of oil,
     oil units are committed ahead of gas units
- The following graphs shows that trend
  - Daily fuel mix (on-peak) on January 7, 2014
  - Cumulative monthly energy for January 2014 the total percent of energy (MWh) generated by each fuel
- Significant use of coal and oil during the month

# Post Winter 2013/14 Review January 7, 2014 Peak Snapshot

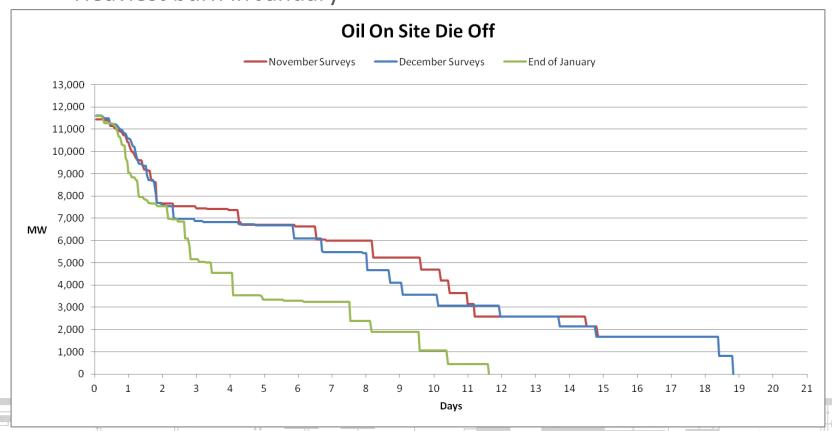


# Post Winter 2013/14 Review Cumulative Energy by Fuel Type – January 2014



# Post Winter 2013/14 Review Oil Inventory

- Using on-site oil, inventories will diminish substantially in 3 days without replenishment
  - Oil inventories are depleting through the winter
  - Heaviest burn in January



### Post Winter 2013/14 Review Oil Supply Replenishment Concerns

- Oil replenishment is challenging during cold weather and, in addition to New England, was experienced in other regions as well
- Oil Transportation
  - Great difficulty securing barge transportation
  - Throughout the northeast, barge transportation is slowed/limited due to maritime weather and ability to transport through shallow areas
  - Many entities competing for the same barges
  - Other transportation issues
    - Locating trucks, especially to transport No.6
    - Limited hours for truck drivers
- Oil Availability
  - Increased demand for both heating and power sectors
  - Moving heavy residual oil (No.6) is difficult in cold weather
  - No.6 is not readily available on short notice
- Environmental concerns for several units due to extensive runs on oil

# Post Winter 2013/14 Review ISO-NE Fuel Surveys

- To increase situational awareness, ISO-NE initiated daily fuel surveys in the second half of January 2014
- New daily fuel surveys
  - Usable oil inventory
  - Plans for refueling
  - Replenishment strategies
  - Procurement and transportation issues
- Twice weekly beginning on February 3, 2014 on Monday and Thursday of each week

### Post Winter 2013/14 Review Commitment Challenges

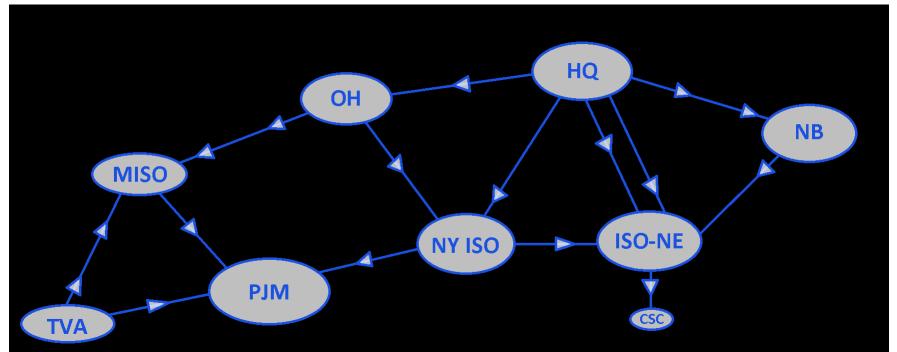
- Virtually the entire non-nuclear and coal fleet has become "limited energy generation" – which distorts market efficiency and causes unpredictable commitment and dispatch patterns
  - It is very difficult to maintain a security constrained economic dispatch when a large portion of the generator fleet is managing a limited 'fuel inventory'
  - This issue has posed the biggest challenge over the past month
- Outages and Uncertainty
  - Additional commitments required due to uncertainty of generators returning from outages (example: ~ 700 MWs of generation experienced forced outages on January 21<sup>st</sup> evening and had to be replaced, but were back in service the next day)
  - Under such scenarios, the system is likely to have a larger surplus than otherwise planned
- Over the past year, due to the tight gas supply conditions, ISO-NE implemented operating procedures that eliminate cancellation of gas starts (except for reliability reasons)
  - While providing benefits to the system, this limits operators ability to reduce surplus intra-day

## Post Winter 2013/14 Review Commitment Challenges – cont'd

- Generators are committed based on forecast interchange and changes from Day Ahead to Real Time can cause excess generation or generation deficiencies depending on the condition within the external area
  - Additional imports can cause New England generation to be dispatched down, in many cases to Economic Minimum
  - Generators at Economic Minimum receive payments via uplift
  - Even if generators are marginal, they can receive significant uplift via start-up and no-load costs
- Example: On January 23, 2014, across two of the interfaces, the Day Ahead market cleared ~1,200 MW of imports, but in Real Time, the imports were ~2,000 MW

### Post Winter 2013/14 Review Commitment Challenges – cont'd

- Conditions outside New England can also significantly affect New England
  - Energy is being imported to New England from external areas beyond the neighboring control areas
  - These imports can be curtailed at any time for contingencies outside of New England

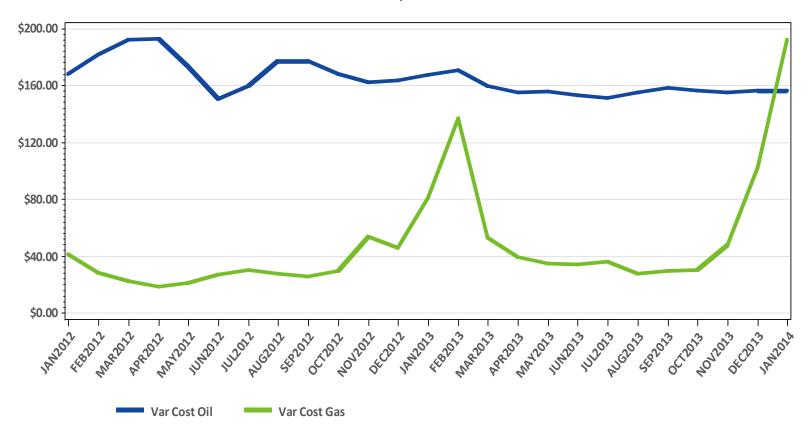


### Post Winter 2013/14 Review Fuel Price Inversion

- Gas prices have been higher than oil prices on several days in January 2014
  - Oil generators running at full load, even through the night
  - Heavy ICU utilization due to fuel pricing
    - Small on-site storage at ICU stations makes replenishment very difficult when run times are extended
  - During coldest weather days, ISO-NE carries reserves on gas-fired units which stresses the interstate pipelines for non-gas contingencies
- The "limited energy generation" profile identified earlier and significant separated fuel prices lead to more uplift \$\$
  - Significant amounts of uplift generated because gas units have high startup and no-load costs (further exacerbated by very high gas prices)

### Post Winter 2013/14 Review Variable Production Cost of Fuels - Monthly

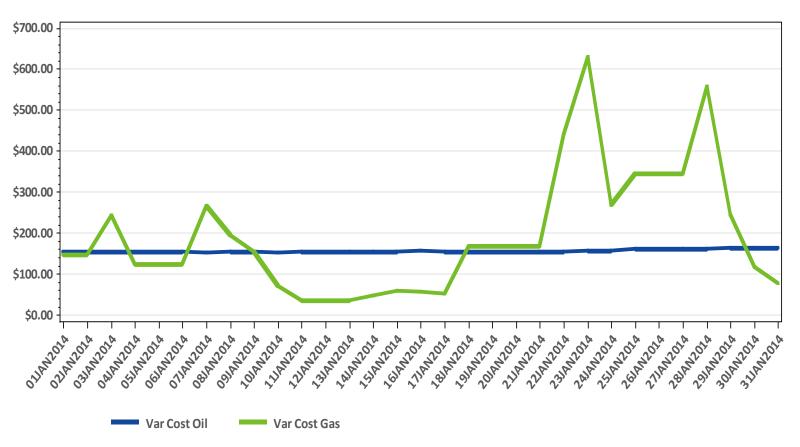
Variable Cost Comparison: Oil vs. Gas



Note: Assumes proxy heat rates of 10,100,000 Btu/MWh for oil and 7,800,000 Btu/MWh for gas units.

## Post Winter 2013/14 Review Variable Production Cost of Fuels - Daily

Variable Cost Comparison: Oil vs. Gas



Note: Assumes proxy heat rates of 10,100,000 Btu/MWh for oil and 7,800,000 Btu/MWh for gas units.

### Post Winter 2013/14 Review ISO-NE Load Forecast Error

- Load forecast error also impacts the commitment and dispatch of generation
- January 2014 has been a cold month about 2 degrees below normal in both Boston and Hartford
- Average January 2014 forecast error is comparable to other years
  - Average January error from 2002 2013 is 1.62%
  - Forecast error for January 2014 is 1.65% (through January 29)
- 50/50 planning forecast for January 2014 peak demand was 21,299 MW and 90/10 forecast was 21,934 MW
- January 22<sup>nd</sup> and 23<sup>rd</sup> had higher than normal forecast errors of over 3%, on average for both days (and over 5% for the peak hour)
  - Load forecasting on cold winter days has been challenging
  - Peak load was 21,320 MW which occurred on January 7, 2014

### Post Winter 2013/14 Review Transmission Constraints

- Transmission constraints can prevent the full utilization of portions of the generation fleet
- North-South transmission interface issues constrained several hundred MW of generation north of the Maine – New Hampshire transmission interface
- When NEMA generation is offline, these constraints becomes more severe

# Post Winter 2013/14 Review Other Observations

- The winter reliability program was instrumental in helping maintain system reliability this winter
  - Especially in light of the replenishment challenges that have been identified this winter
- On certain cold days, the pipelines from the north were full, but the system had very few gas-fired generators on-line - so it appears that gas was being consumed by other parties
- ISO-NE will work with the pipelines, LDC's and other parties to better understand the utilization of the gas pipeline from the north

# Post Winter 2013/14 Review Coordinated Communications

- AM and PM conference calls with NPCC Reliability Coordinators to review the following:
  - Expected weather and peak loads for the current day and for the next day
  - Expected capacity surplus above the operating reserve requirements
  - Confirmed expected interchange schedules
  - Conditions of natural gas supply and fuel oil inventory
- Periodic updates with the six Local Control Centers (LCCs) in New England to discuss the following:
  - Expected peak load conditions within New England and known issues with generation units
  - Known concerns with the natural gas interstate pipes
  - Known concerns with fuel oil inventory and transportation limitations
- Regular communication with generators and fuel energy providers in the Northeast to discuss the following:
  - Inventories
  - Fuel delivery system (trucking & barging) limitations

# Post Winter 2013/14 Review Coordinated Communications – cont'd

- Constant communications with the interstate gas pipelines to assess system conditions and ensure reliability of electric and gas systems
- Contacted State of Massachusetts and advised of growing concerns for limited trucking hours
  - Massachusetts Governor subsequently extended trucking hours

#### **SYSTEM OPERATIONS – JANUARY 2014**

## System Operations – January 2014

Weather Patterns	Boston	Temperature – Below Average ( -2.0 ) Max 59, Min 2 Precipitation 3.24" (Liquid ) Below Average Normal 3.92"		Hartford	Max 59, Mii	n 2.05" (Liquid) – Below Average	
Peak Load:         21,320 N		21,320 M	W January 7, 2014			19:00	
MLCC2:							
01/02/14 -	01/04/14	15:00 – 19:	00 A	O All of New England			Capacity
01/07/14 -	01/07/14 - 01/08/14		00 All of New England		Abnormal Weather Conditions		
01/21/14 - 01/24/14 17:0		17:00 – 22:	00 All of New England		S	Severe Weather	
01/28/14 06:30		06:30 - 11:	:00 All of New England			Capacity	
OP-4: None							
NPCC Simultaneous Activation of Reserve Events:							
01/06/14			PJM			1,550 MW	
01/06/14		NYISO			1,080 MW		
01/06/14			PJM 1,600 MW		1,600 MW		

#### System Operations – January 2014 – cont'd

NPCC Simultaneous Activation of Reserve Events: (Continued)

01/21/14	PJM	1,600 MW
01/22/14	IESO	800 MW
01/22/14	NYISO	540 MW
01/30/14	IESO	500 MW

#### Minimum Generation Warnings & Events:

Minimum Generation Warning	01/11/14 - 01/12/14	Start-20:00, Expired-10:00 Interchange Cuts & SS Denied
Minimum Generation Event	01/11/14	Start-22:00 Expired-23:59 Interchange Cuts & SS Denied
Minimum Generation Warning	01/12/14 - 01/13/14	Start-23:00, Expired-07:00 Interchange Cuts Only
Minimum Generation Warning	01/13/14 - 01/14/14	Start- 23:00, Expired-06:00 Interchange Cuts Only

### System Operations – January 2014 – cont'd

Minimum Generation Warnings & Events: (Continued)

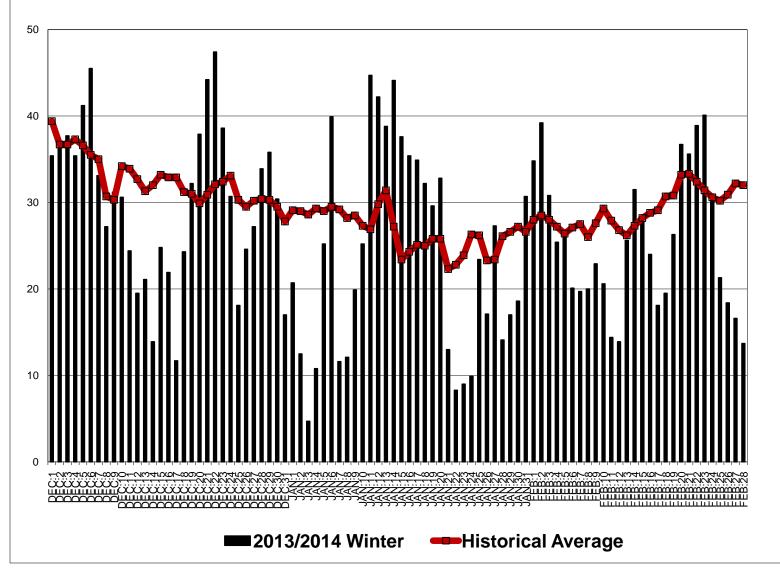
01/14/14	Start – 04:30, Expired – 07:00 Interchange Cuts & SS Denied
01/14/14 - 01/15/14	Start – 22:00, Expired – 07:00 Interchange Cuts & SS Denied
01/14/14 - 01/15/14	Start-22:00, Expired-03:00 Interchange Cuts & SS Denied
01/15/14	Star-14:00, Expired-17:00 Interchange Cuts & SS Denied
01/15/14 - 01/16/14	Start-23:00, Expired-06:00 No Actions Taken
01/17/14 - 01/18/14	Start-22:00, Expired-09:00 Interchange Cuts Only
01/18/14	Start-00:00, Expired-06:00 Interchange Cuts Only
01/19/14 - 01/20/14	Start-23:00, Expired-08:00 Interchange Cuts & SS Denied
01/20/14	Start- 04:00, Expired-06:00 Interchange Cuts & SS Denied
01/21/14	Start – 02:00, Expired – 07:00 Interchange Cuts Only
01/21/14	Start – 03:30, Expired – 06:00 Interchange Cuts Only
	01/14/14 - 01/15/14  01/14/14 - 01/15/14  01/15/14  01/15/14 - 01/16/14  01/17/14 - 01/18/14  01/18/14  01/19/14 - 01/20/14  01/20/14

## February 2014 - Operations Review

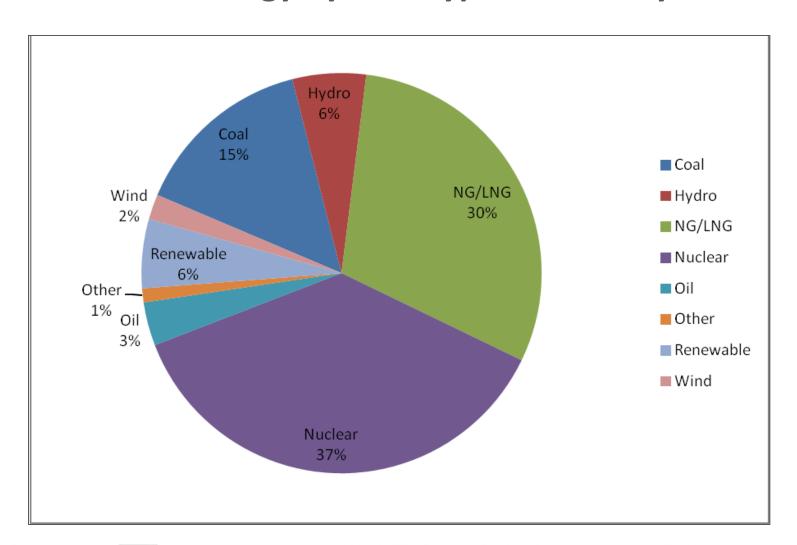
## Post Winter 2013/14 Review

- During a number of time periods this winter, daily average temperatures were well below 20 year historical average
  - December 10 17
  - January 01 10
  - January 21 30
  - February 06 12
  - February 16 19
  - February 25 28

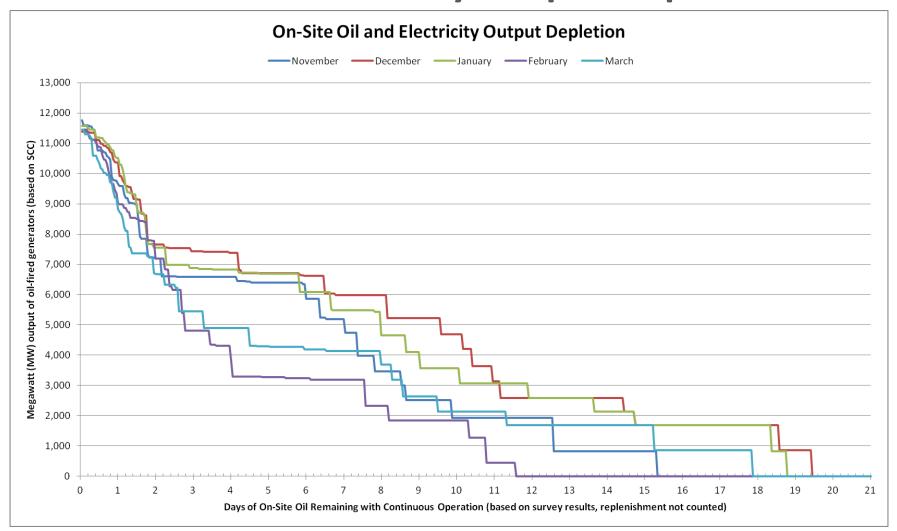
## NEW ENGLAND WINTER DAILY AVERAGE TEMPERATURES 2013/2014 WINTER AND 20 YEAR HISTORICAL AVERAGE



## Post Winter 2013/14 Review Cumulative Energy by Fuel Type – February 2014



# Post Winter 2013/14 Review On-Site Oil and Electricity Output Depletion



# Post Winter 2013/14 Review Fuel Surveys

- To increase situational awareness, the ISO is continuing with its fuel surveys
  - Fuel surveys are being done twice a week
- Oil inventories have improved on most units due to less usage in February and additional fuel deliveries

#### **SYSTEM OPERATIONS – FEBRUARY 2014**

## **System Operations – February 2014**

Weather Patterns	Boston	Temperature – Below Average (-2.8) Max 55, Min 8 Precipitation 3.41" (Liquid) Above Average Normal 3.30" Snowfall = 25.20"	Hartford	Temperature – Below Average ( -5.2) Max 51, Min -4.0 Precipitation 2.67" (Liquid) – Below Average Normal = 2.96" Snowfall = 26.32"
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Peak Load:	19,635 MW	February 11, 2014	19:00

MLCC2: None				
OP-4: None				
NPCC Simultaneous Activation of Reserve Events:				
02/08/14	NYISO	501 MW		
02/12/14	ISO-NE	651 MW		
02/26/14	ISO-NE	525 MW		
02/27/14	ISO-NE	575 MW		

### **System Operations – February 2014**

#### Minimum Generation Warnings & Events:

	0	
Minimum Generation Warning	02/01/14	Start- 01:00, Expired-08:00 Interchange Cuts Only
Minimum Generation Warning	02/01/14	Start- 15:00, Expired-16:00 Interchange Cuts Only
Minimum Generation Warning	02/02/14 - 02/03/14	Start-20:00, Expired-09:00 Interchange Cuts & SS Denied
Minimum Generation Event	02/02/14 - 02/03/14	Start-22:00 Expired-06:00 Interchange Cuts & SS Denied
Minimum Generation Warning	02/03/14	Start- 22:00, Expired-23:59 Interchange Cuts Only
Minimum Generation Warning	02/04/14	Start- 00:01, Expired-06:00 Interchange Cuts Only
Minimum Generation Warning	02/04/14	Start-22:00, Expired-23:59 No Actions Taken
Minimum Generation Warning	02/22/14	Start-16:00, Expired-18:00 Interchange Cuts & SS Denied
Minimum Generation Warning	02/22/14 - 02/23/14	Start- 22:00, Expired-10:00 Interchange Cuts Only
Minimum Generation Warning	02/24/14	Start- 00:01, Expired-07:00 Interchange Cuts Only
Minimum Generation <u>Event</u>	02/24/14	Start- 01:00, Expired-05:00 Interchange Cuts Only

# Questions



