

Eversource 345-kV Structure Replacement Projects

Planning Advisory Committee Meeting

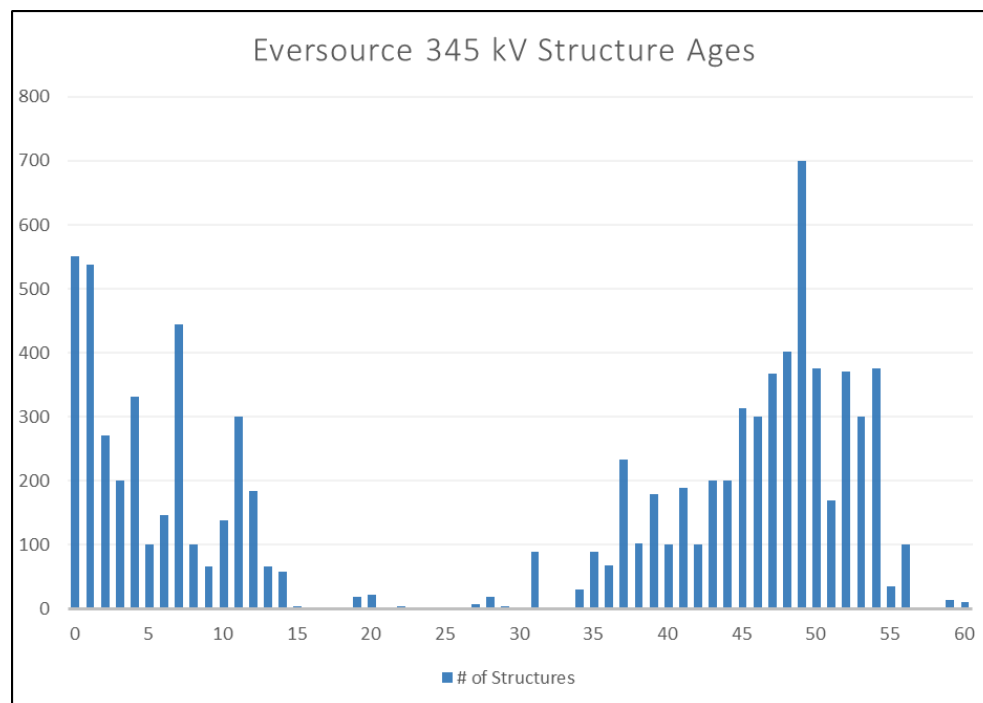
August 8, 2019

Agenda

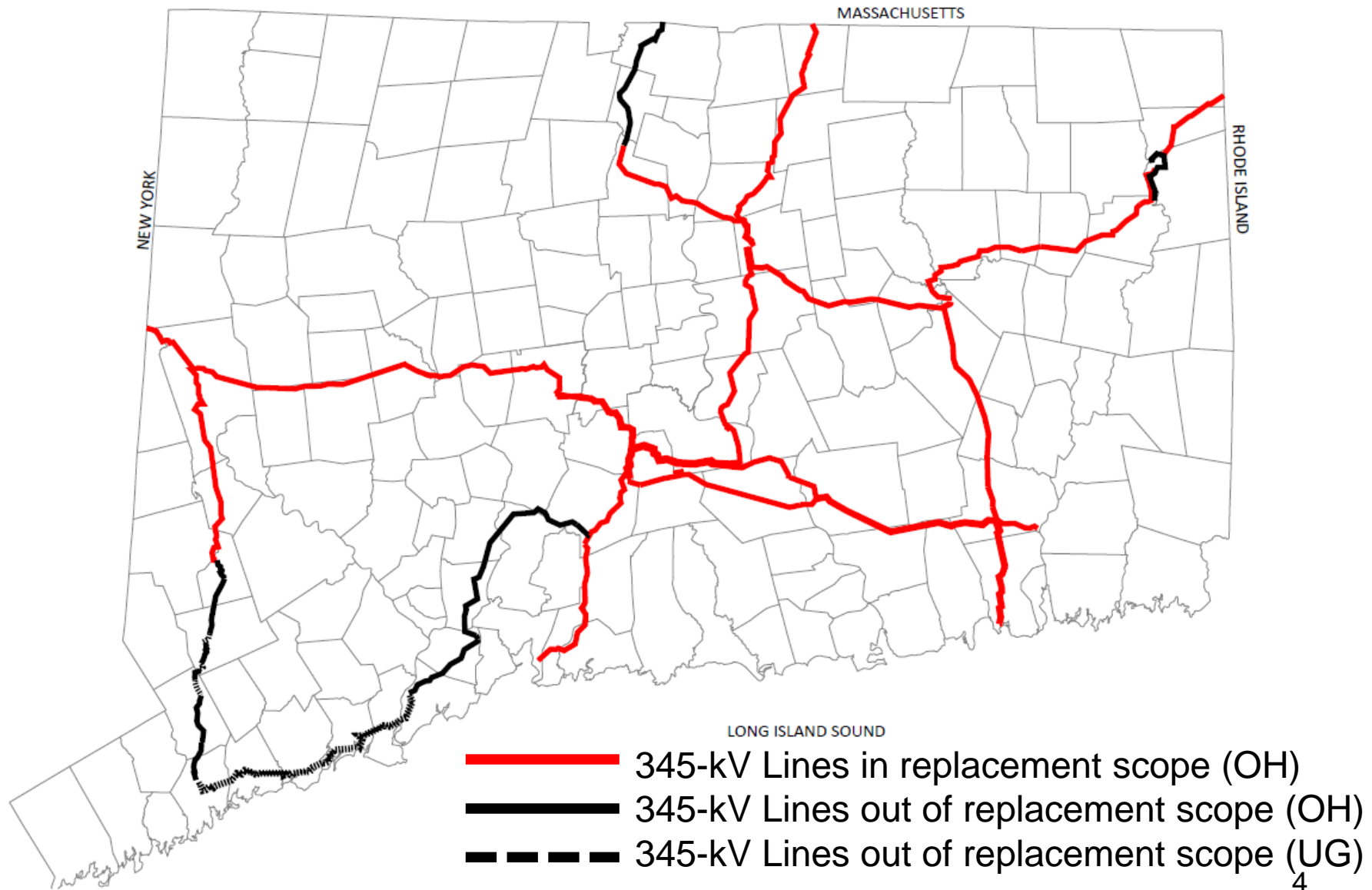
- Eversource 345-kV Program Summary
- Project Background and Drivers
 - Reliability and Safety
 - Inspections, Criteria, Results
- Scope Details – phase 2
 - Line Characteristics, Asset Condition
- Summary and Conclusions

Eversource 345-kV Program Summary

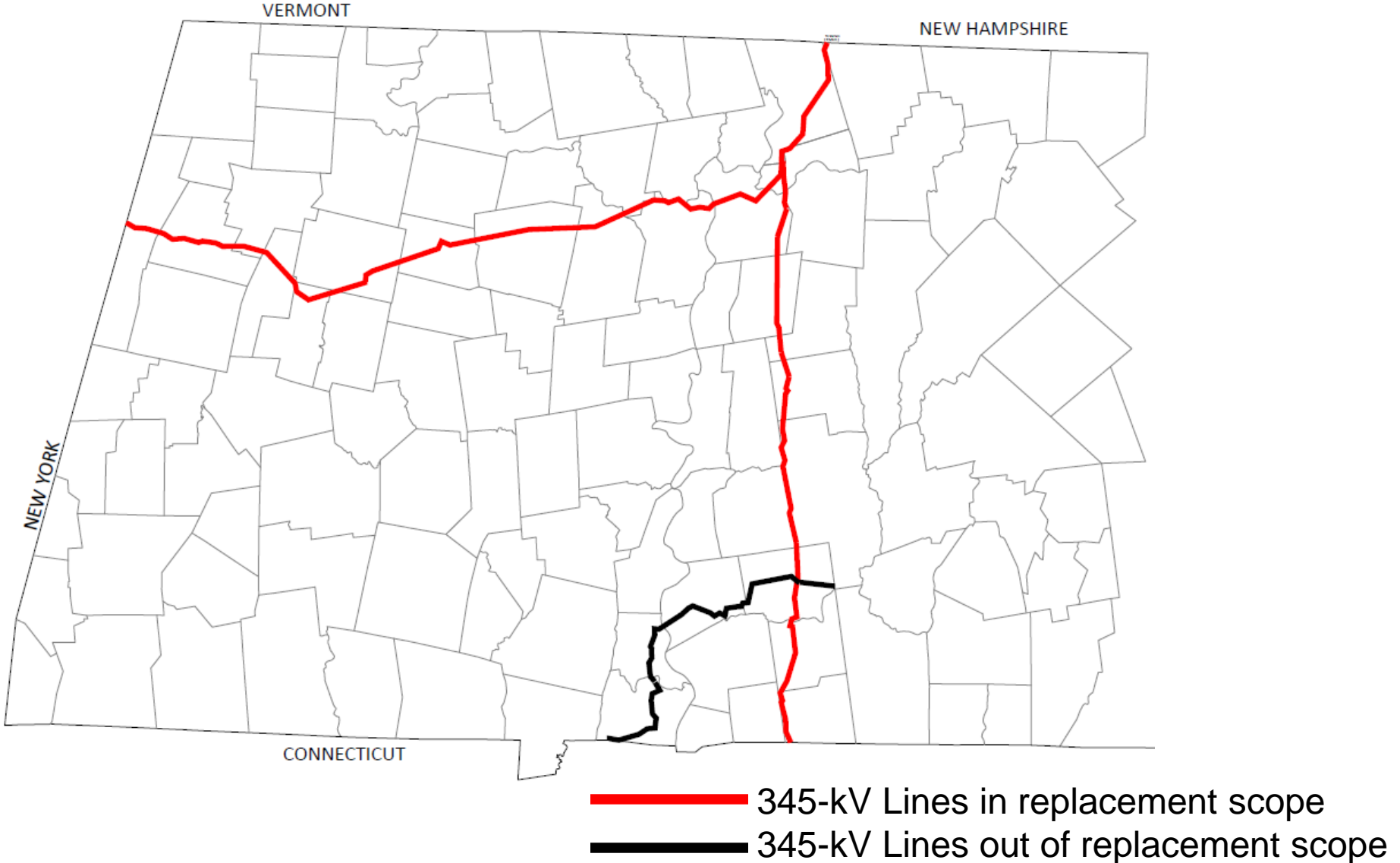
- Eversource manages ~1,250 miles of 345-kV OH lines
 - Over 40% of all New England 345-kV PTF
 - Eversource has over 9,000 345-kV structures
- The majority of NE 345-kV system was constructed in 1960s and 1970s
 - 345-kV structures targeted by the program are typically wood, single circuit structures in an H-Frame configuration



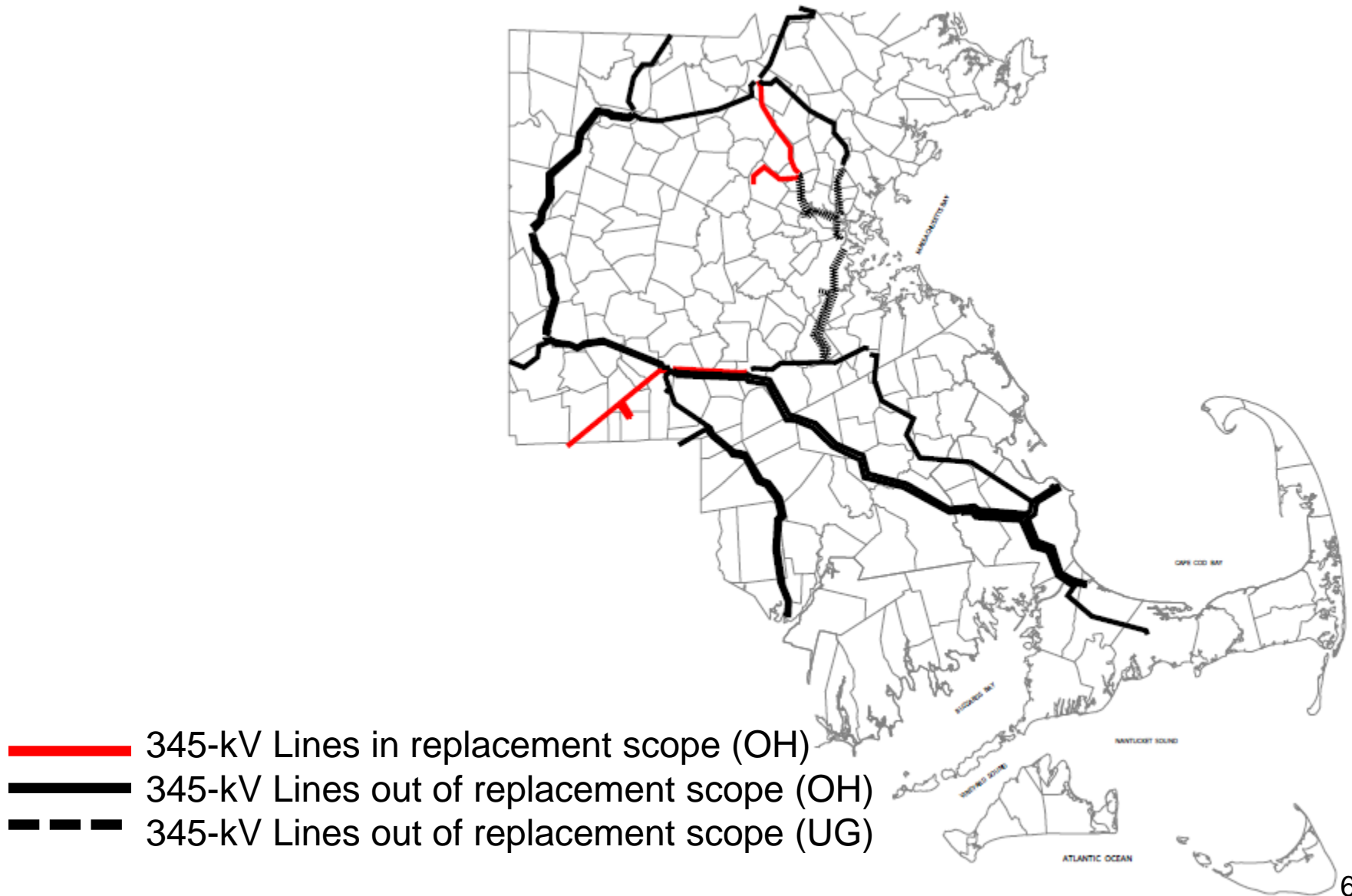
CT 345-kV Geographic Locations



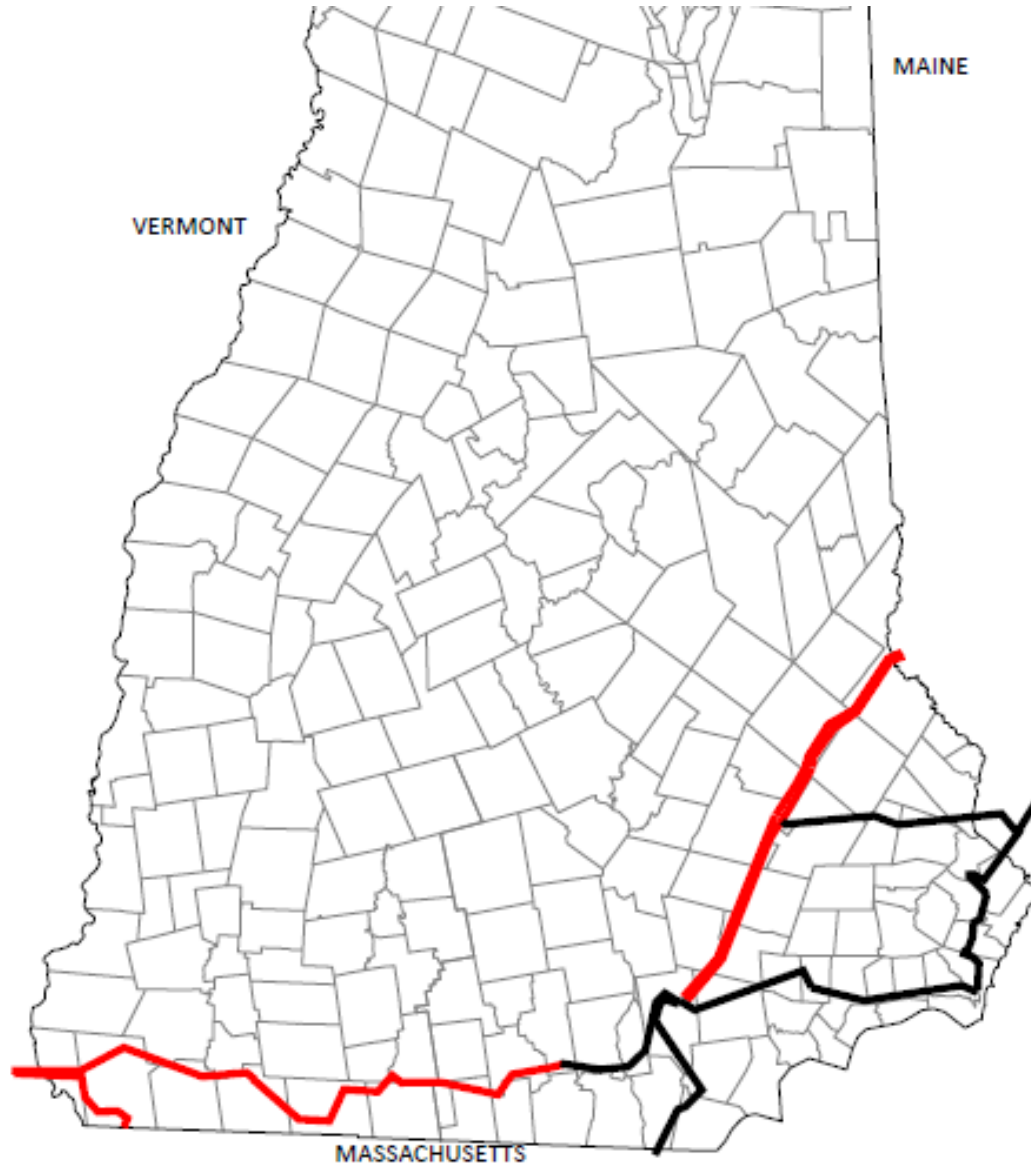
WMA 345-kV Geographic Locations



EMA 345-kV Geographic Locations



NH 345-kV Geographic Locations



— 345-kV Lines in replacement scope

— 345-kV Lines out of replacement scope

Project Drivers – Reliability/Safety

- Eversource is focused on safe and reliable operation of the transmission system, and frequent inspections are performed in accordance with the Eversource Maintenance Program.
- Inspection results are reviewed by Maintenance and Engineering personnel.
- Factors such as cost of structure components vs. cost of future access, environmental impact, and abutter impact will be assessed.
 - Where there is significant cost and/or impacts associated with access to the structure in need of replacement (matting, etc.), the adjacent structure will be reviewed for consideration of replacement at the same time.
- Structures that are being replaced will be reviewed for storm hardening and compliance with the most recent NESC and MA DPU loading and clearance criteria.
 - New structures are typically light-duty steel (wood pole equivalent std) direct embed poles

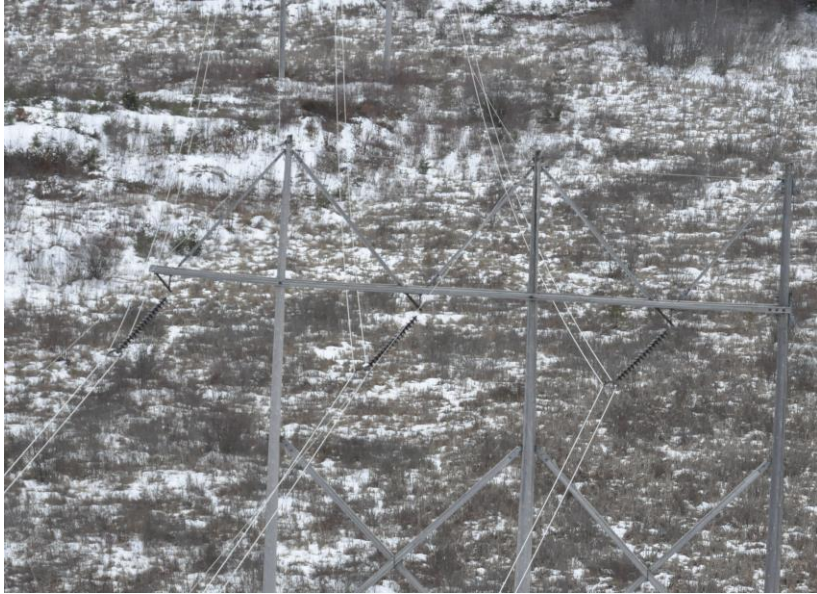
Structure Inspections

- Current Inspection Standard utilizes ***Comprehensive Drone Inspection*** as Primary Means of Inspection
 - Combines foot patrol and aerial inspection details in one inspection
 - 2-in-1 inspection is more efficient when considering overall duration and frequency of inspectors in row easements during two separate inspections
 - High-definition cameras on drones allow for inspectors to see possible damage from all angles and take better photos
 - Plan is to have the entire system inspected by 2021
- Items Reviewed – Wood Structures
 - Significant woodpecker damage
 - Severe checking/splits/cracking
 - Insect damage
 - Rot or Decay
 - Severe fracturing, buckling, leaning
 - Compression breaks
 - Fire damage
 - Damage/Vandalism
 - Hardware/Insulator damage

UAV Inspections



UAV Inspections



373 Line – NH – Str 182
CVI – Feb-2017



373 Line – NH – Str 182
UAS – Dec. 2018

Inspection Grading & Project Scoping

- Structures are graded in accordance with EPRI Guidelines
 - *A: Nominal Defect – No Action Required*
 - *B: Minimal Defect – Monitor Degradation*
 - *C: Moderate Defect – Repair or Replace under next maintenance*
 - *D: Severe Defect – Repair, Reinforce, or Replace immediately*
- Replace C and D structure in one mobilization
 - Other structures (A/B) may be replaced during scope due to engineering requirements and to minimize costs and environmental impacts.
- Engineering provides training to inspectors on appropriate grading criteria
 - Field inspectors provide structure grade while in field and observe the entire structures. Results are reviewed by engineering team and field operations.

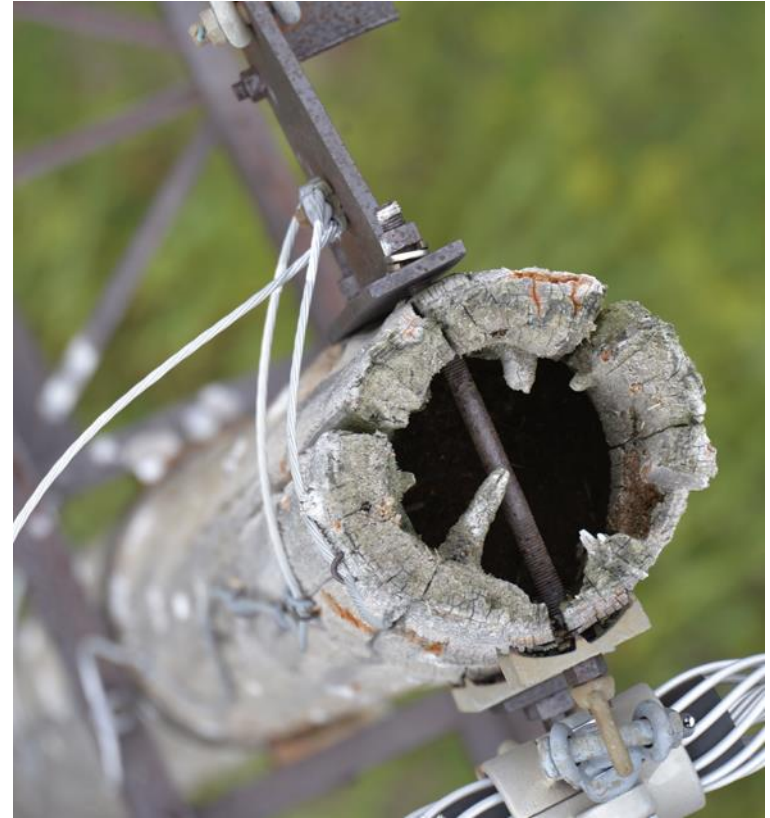
Inspection Results

- Utilization of Drones has resulted in significant increase in identified defects.
- Inspections have indicated significant degradation and decreased load carrying capacity of 345-kV wood structures.
- Issues can be detected by visual inspection, but there are also many which are not apparent until the structure is replaced or more detailed inspections are performed.
- Proactively replacing the structures resolves multiple structural/hardware issues and supports safe and reliable operation.

Pole Top Rot



321 Line – CT



381 Line – WMA

Pole Top Rot



348 Line – CT



330 Line – CT

Pole Top Rot



3041 Line – CT



367 Line - NH

Pole Splits



393 Line – WMA

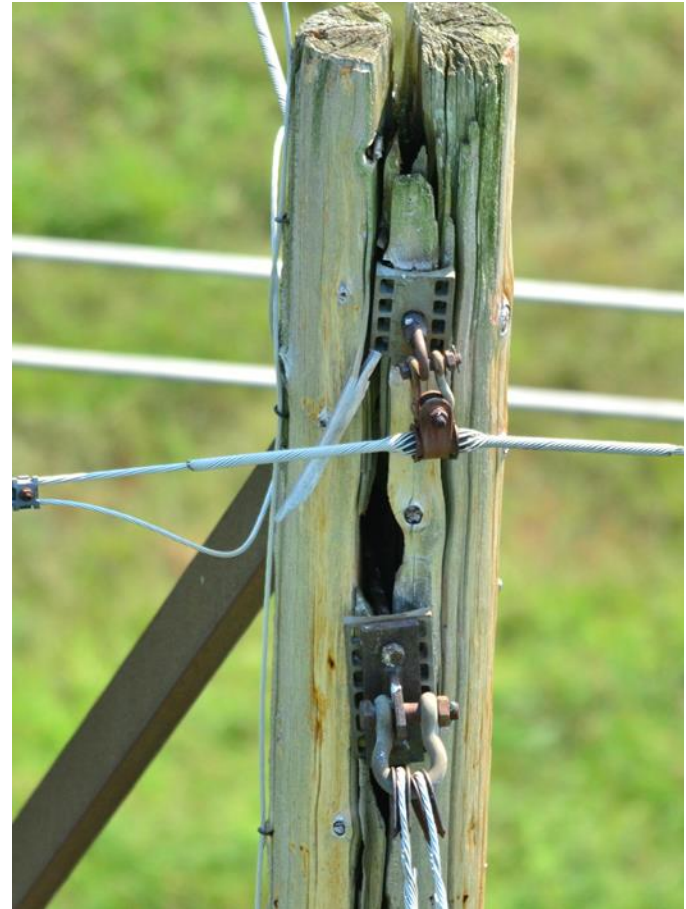


391 Line – NH

Pole Splits



381 Line – NH



364 Lin – CT

Cross Arm Damage



Bowed Cross Arm
336 Line – EMA



Longitudinal Split along Arm
3361 Line – EMA

Woodpecker Damage



326 Line – NH

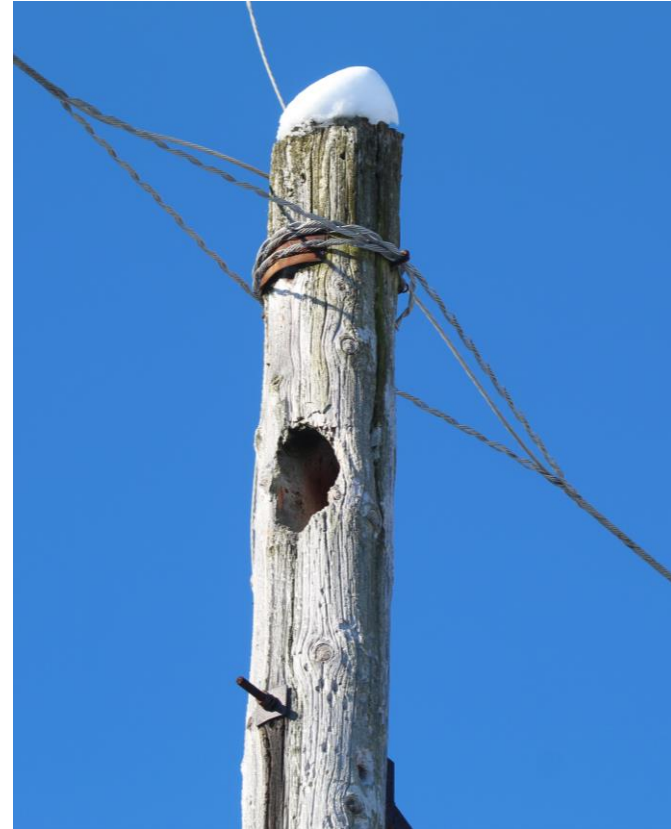


3419 Line – WMA

Woodpecker Damage contd.



354 Line – WMA



3424 Line – CT

Woodpecker Damage contd.



3041 Line - CT



367 Line – NH

Summary of Work

CONNECTICUT				MASSACHUSETTS			
<i>Line</i>	<i>Replacement Structures</i>	<i>Total Line Structures</i>	<i>Estimated Cost (\$M)</i>	<i>Line</i>	<i>Replacement Structures</i>	<i>Total Line Structures</i>	<i>Estimated Cost (\$M)</i>
310*	85	410	\$19.9	336	24	69	\$6.6
321*	24	64	\$6.5	3361	23	83	\$6.3
330*	59	264	\$17.2	312	134	318	\$41.3
348*	83	363	\$19.4	354	86	260	\$29.6
352	48	160	\$12.5	381	36	81	\$12.5
362	19	139	\$5.2	393*	37	127	\$11.0
364*	73	199	\$17.3	3419	76	103	\$26.0
368	31	168	\$7.3				
383*	97	277	\$22.2	NEW HAMPSHIRE			
387*	59	230	\$18.2	<i>Line</i>	<i>Replacement Structures</i>	<i>Total Line Structures</i>	<i>Estimated Cost (\$M)</i>
3041*	33	161	\$10.0	326*	21	166	\$5.2
3252	40	128	\$8.9	367*	55	281	\$14.1
3419	41	106	\$11.9	373	42	179	\$10.3
3424	28	135	\$7.9	379*	42	169	\$9.7
3754	29	106	\$8.2	381*	33	89	\$8.3
* scope is exclusive of any prior presented work				385	57	169	\$14.0
				391*	68	335	\$16.4

Conclusion

- The scope of 345-kV replacement structures is for 1483 structures at estimated cost of \$403.9M (-25%/+50%).
 - Structures to be replaced with light-duty tubular steel pole structures. New structures will comply with current clearance and strength Code requirements
 - Replacement schedules to be determined – anticipated ISD for completion of all lines in 2021
- This Phase is expected to be the final major program for 345-kV structure replacements. Any future 345-kV lines that require PAC approvals will be brought forth on a line-by-line basis.

EVERSOURCE TOTALS		
<i>State</i>	<i>Replacement Structures</i>	<i>Estimated Cost (\$M)</i>
CT	749	\$192.6
MA	416	\$133.3
NH	318	\$78.0
Total	1483	\$403.9

Questions

