

### New England Power System Outlook

CBIA 2022 Energy & Environment Conference

**Eric Johnson** 

DIRECTOR, EXTERNAL AFFAIRS

### ISO New England's Mission and Vision

#### Mission: What we do

Through collaboration and innovation, ISO New England plans the transmission system, administers the region's wholesale markets, and operates the power system to ensure reliable and competitively priced wholesale electricity

#### Vision: Where we're going

To harness the power of competition and advanced technologies to reliably plan and operate the grid as the region transitions to clean energy

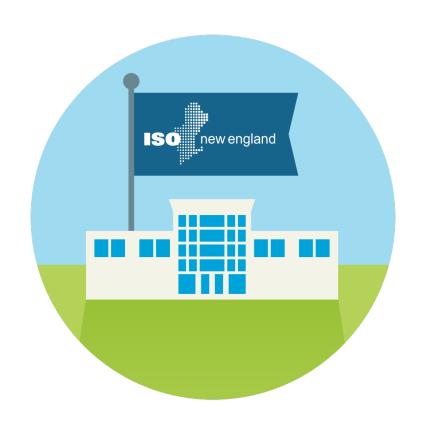




The ISO's new **Vision** for the future represents our long-term intent and guides the formulation of our Strategic Goals

# ISO New England (ISO) Has More Than Two Decades of Experience Overseeing the Region's Restructured Electric Power System

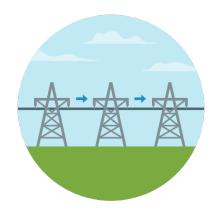
- Regulated by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission
- Reliability Coordinator for New England under the North American Electric Reliability Corporation
- Independent of companies in the marketplace and neutral on technology



### ISO New England Performs Three Critical Roles to Ensure Reliable Electricity at Competitive Prices

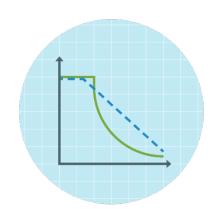
# **Grid Operation**

Coordinate and direct the flow of electricity over the region's high-voltage transmission system



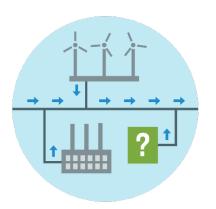
# **Market Administration**

Design, run, and oversee the markets where wholesale electricity is bought and sold



# Power System Planning

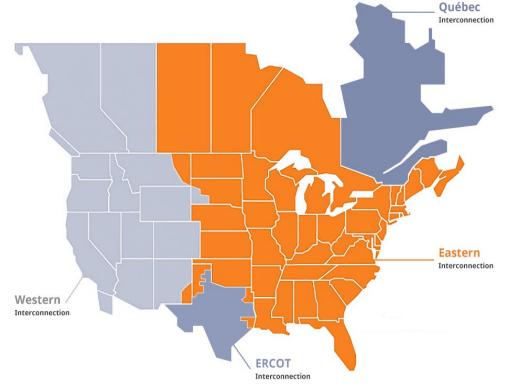
Study, analyze, and plan to make sure New England's electricity needs will be met over the next 10 years



# New England's Power Grid Is Part of a Larger Electric Power System

• Part of the **Eastern Interconnection**, one of four large power grids in North America

- Interconnected through primarily alternating current (AC) transmission
- Tied to Québec only through direct current (DC) transmission
- 2003 blackout ushered in wide-area monitoring and mandatory reliability standards
- Subject to reliability standards set by NERC and NPCC\*



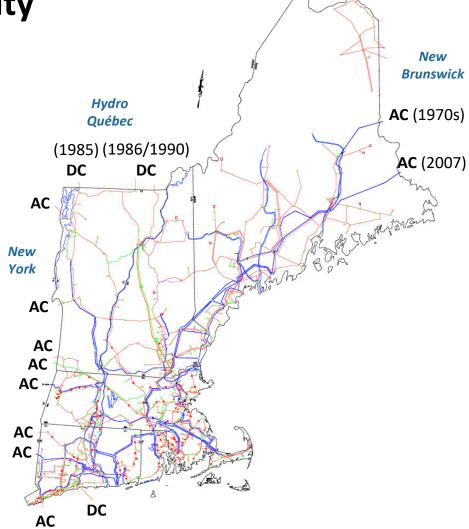
<sup>\*</sup> North American Electric Reliability Corporation (NERC) and Northeast Power Coordinating Council (NPCC)

New England's Transmission Grid Is the Interstate

**Highway System for Electricity** 

 9,000 miles of high-voltage transmission lines (primarily 115 kV and 345 kV)

- 13 transmission interconnections to power systems in New York and Eastern Canada
- **16%** of region's energy needs met by imports in 2021
- \$11.7 billion invested to strengthen transmission system reliability since 2002; \$1.1 billion planned
- Developers have proposed multiple transmission projects to access non-carbon-emitting resources inside and outside the region

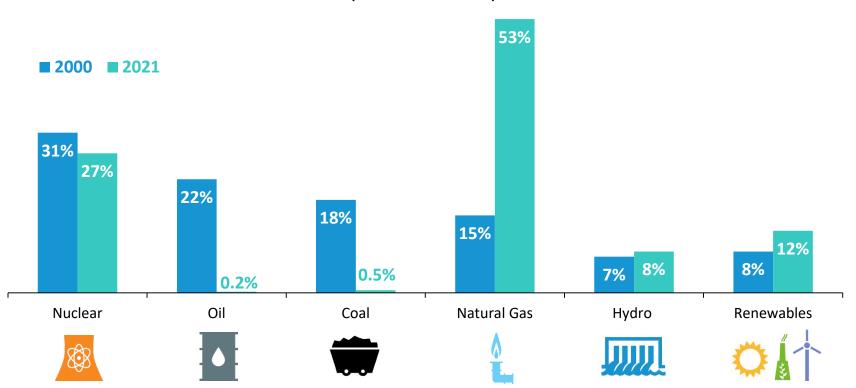


Note: AC stands for Alternating Current and DC stands for Direct Current

#### **Dramatic Changes in the Energy Mix**

The fuels used to produce the region's electric energy have shifted as a result of economic and environmental factors

Percent of Total **Electric Energy** Production by Fuel Type (2000 vs. 2021)



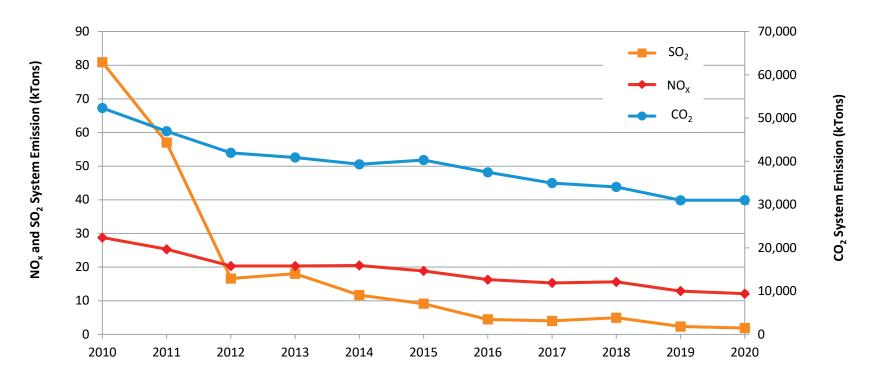
Source: ISO New England Net Energy and Peak Load by Source; data for 2021 is preliminary and subject to resettlement Renewables include landfill gas, biomass, other biomass gas, wind, grid-scale solar, municipal solid waste, and miscellaneous fuels.

This data represents electric generation within New England; it does not include imports or behind-the-meter (BTM) resources, such as BTM solar.

### **Major Emissions Reductions**

Emissions from regional generators have fallen significantly since 2001

Annual New England System Generator Emissions, 2010-2020\* (Thousand Short Tons)



Carbon Dioxide (CO₂) **↓**41%

Nitrogen Oxide (NOx) **₹58**% Sulfur Dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>) **₹98**%

\*2020 data is preliminary and subject to change. Source: ISO New England, New England Electric Generators Air Emissions Report

# States Are Targeting Increases in Renewable and Clean Energy and Deep Reductions in CO<sub>2</sub> Emissions

| ≥80% by 2050                           | Five states mandate greenhouse gas reductions economy wide: MA, CT, ME, RI, and VT (mostly below 1990 levels) |  |
|--|---|--|
| Net-Zero by 2050<br>80% by 2050        | MA statewide GHG emissions limit MA clean energy standard   |  |
| 90% by 2050                            | VT renewable energy requirement   |  |
| 100% by 2050<br>Carbon-Neutral by 2045 | ME renewable energy requirement ME emissions goal   |  |
| 100% by 2040                           | CT zero-carbon electricity goal   |  |
| 100% by 2030                           | RI renewable energy goal  |  |

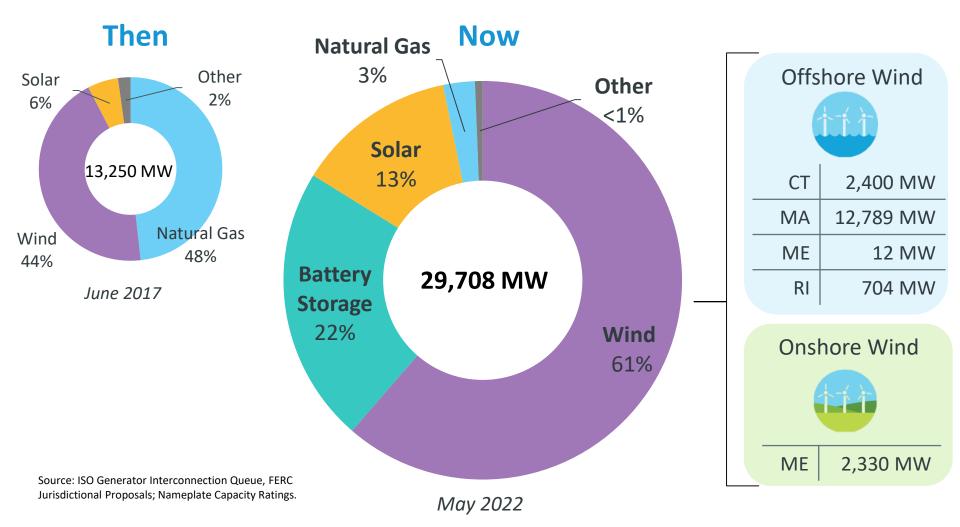
#### **States Accelerate Clean Energy Procurements (2017-2022)**



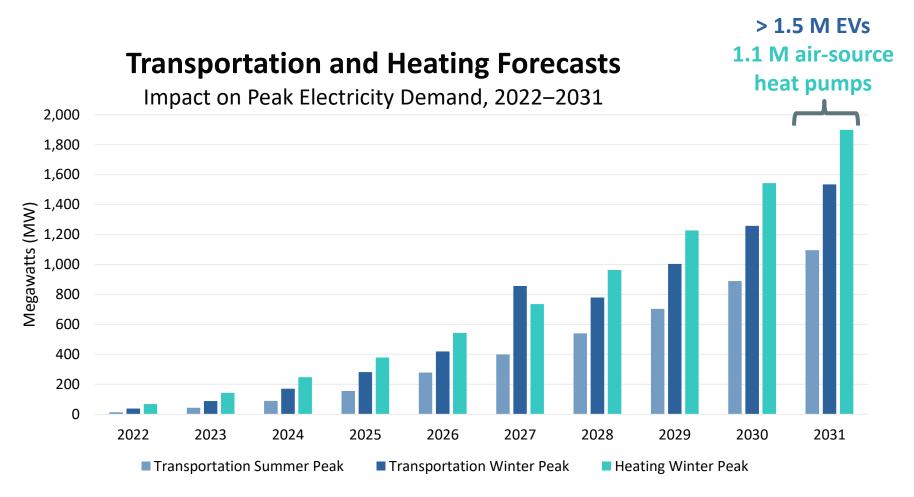
| State    | State Procurement Initiatives for<br>Large-Scale Clean Energy Resources | Eligible<br>Resources                                 | RFP Target MW<br>(nameplate)         | Projected COD/<br>Selected MW     |
|----------|---|---|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| ME       | 2022 Northern Maine Transmission and Renewable RFP                      | Transmission and Newly<br>Developed Renewables        | 700-1200 MW                          | TBD                               |
| MA       | 2021 Section 83C III Offshore Wind<br>RFP                               | Offshore Wind   | 1632 MW                              | TBD                               |
| ME       | 2020-2021 RPS RFP   | ME RPS Class IA renewables                            | 2,360,000 MWh                        | 2022-2024                         |
| СТ       | 2019 Offshore Wind RFP  | Offshore Wind   | 400 – 2,000 MW                       | <b>2026</b><br>804 MW             |
| MA       | 2019 Section 83C II Offshore Wind RFP                                   | Offshore Wind   | 800 MW                               | 2025<br>804 MW                    |
| RI       | 2018 Renewable Energy RFP   | Solar, Wind, Biomass and Other Eligible Resources     | 400 MW                               | 2023<br>50 MW                     |
| СТ       | 2018 Zero-Carbon Resources RFP  | Nuclear, Hydro, Class I<br>Renewables, Energy Storage | Approx. 1,400 MW<br>(12,000,000 MWh) | 2020-2026<br>11,658,080 MWh       |
| СТ       | 2018 Clean Energy RFP   | Offshore Wind, Fuel Cells,<br>Anaerobic Digestion     | 252 MW                               | <b>2019-2025</b><br>252 MW        |
| MA<br>RI | 2017 Section 83C I Offshore Wind RFP                                    | Offshore Wind   | 800 MW (MA)<br>400 MW (RI)           | 2023(800 MW)<br>2025 (400 MW)     |
| MA       | 2017 Section 83D Clean Energy RFP                                       | Hydro Imports   | Approx. 1,200 MW<br>(9,554,000 MWh)  | <b>2022</b><br>9,554,940 MWh/year |

### The ISO Generator Interconnection Queue Provides Snapshots of the Future Resource Mix

Dramatic shift in types of proposed resources from natural gas to wind



### **Electricity Demand from Electric Vehicles and Heating Sectors to Grow Over the Next Decade**



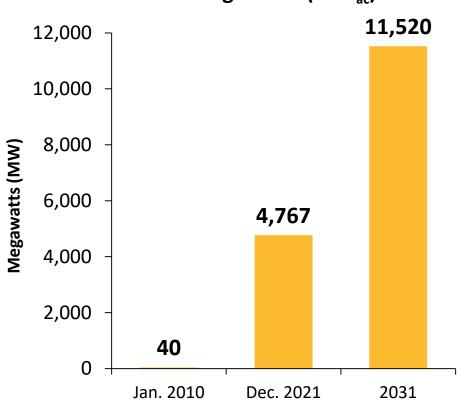
Percentage of Net System Peak in 2030: Transportation – summer: 4%; Transportation – winter: 7%; Heating – winter: 8%. Sources: ISO New England 2022-2031 Forecast Report of Capacity, Energy, Loads, and Transmission (2022 CELT Report) (May 2022), 2022 Forecast Data.

# ISO New England Forecasts Strong Growth in Solar Photovoltaic (PV) Resources

**December 2021 Solar PV Installed Capacity (MW<sub>ac</sub>)** 

#### Installed No. of Capacity State **Installations** (MW<sub>ac</sub>) Connecticut 63,735 809 Massachusetts 2,953 130,040 Maine 125 7,403 **New Hampshire** 157 12,186 Rhode Island 288 12,641 Vermont 434 17,296 **New England** 4,767 243,301

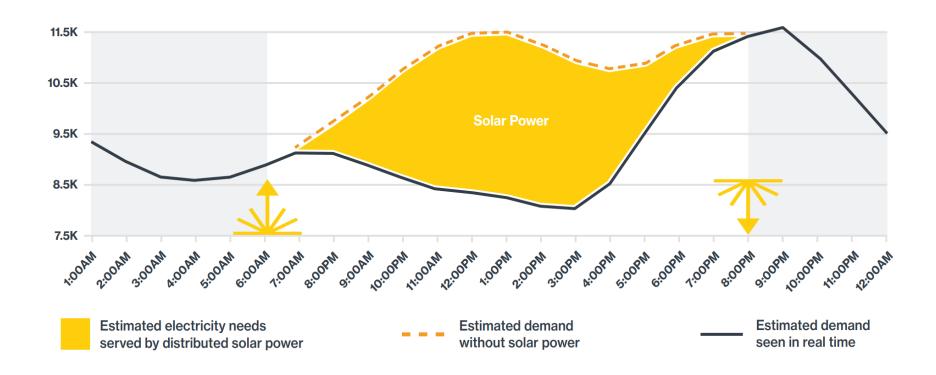
### Cumulative Growth in Solar PV through 2031 (MW<sub>ac</sub>)



Note: The bar chart reflects the ISO's projections for nameplate capacity from PV resources participating in the region's wholesale electricity markets, as well as those connected "behind the meter." The forecast does not include forward-looking PV projects > 5 MW in nameplate capacity. Source: ISO New England 2022-2031 Forecast Report of Capacity, Energy, Loads, and Transmission (2022 CELT Report) (May 2022), and December 2021 Distributed Generation Survey Results; MW values are AC nameplate.

# Nighttime Electricity Demand on the Region's Electric Grid is Exceeding Daytime Consumption On Sunny Days

Continued development of solar deployment drives down afternoon demand, especially in spring when demand is lower

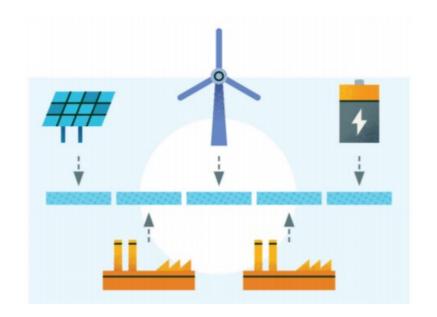


# New England Will Need Flexible Resources to Balance the Variability of Renewables

ISO is working to adapt both its operations and markets so the grid stays reliable and prices competitive as our energy mix transitions

Due to state policies driving change, variable, renewable resources will eventually become the new "baseload" resource and produce most of the electrical energy

Balancing resources will be necessary to "fill in" the energy gaps, which may last from seconds to weeks, and occur when renewable resources are not available or are not producing at full capacity



#### PREPARING FOR THE FUTURE GRID

Four Pillars and Studies Supporting the Future Grid

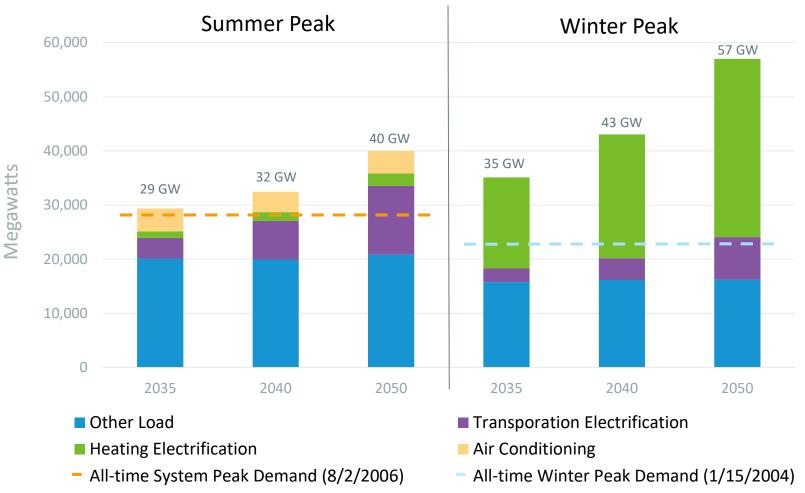
# 2050 Transmission Study: A High-Level Study for the Years 2035, 2040, and 2050

- Initial study scope and assumptions developed in conjunction with the states
- Aims to inform the region of the amount, type, and high-level cost estimates of transmission infrastructure that would be needed to cost-effectively:
  - Reliably serve peak loads, including electrified transportation and heating, in a clean-energy future
  - Meet state energy policy requirements and goals, including economywide decarbonization
- Looks well beyond the ISO's 10-year horizon for transmission planning
- It is not a plan to build specific projects

The most up-to-date information on the 2050 study is available at the <u>Planning Advisory Committee</u>

### New England System Peak Grows Substantially and Shifts to Winter-Peaking

#### 2050 Transmission Study



### **Future Grid Reliability Study (Phase 1)**

Stakeholder-led Assessment of the Region's Power System in 2040

Examines the implications of a substantially-changed
 New England grid, where clean, intermittent resources comprise a majority of the generation mix

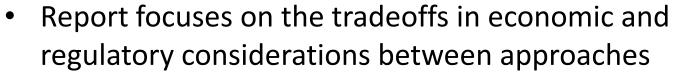
 Studies whether the ISO can operate the grid reliably under status-quo market mechanisms

- Considers what products and attributes are missing
- NEPOOL requested this study; stakeholders, including the New England States Committee on Electricity (NESCOE), developed the scenarios

The most up-to-date information on the FGRS study is available at <a href="https://www.iso-ne.com/committees/key-projects/new-englands-future-grid-initiative-key-projects/new-englands-grid-initiative-key-projects/new-en

### Pathways Study: Evaluation of Pathways to a Future Grid

- The ISO modeled four potential pathways to help the region decarbonize the New England electric system
  - Net Carbon Pricing
  - Forward Clean Energy Market (FCEM)
  - Hybrid (elements of FCEM and Net Carbon Pricing)
  - Status quo (state procurements of clean energy)



- All of the studied pathways are capable of achieving substantial levels of decarbonization
- Additional discussion is underway with the states, stakeholders, and the ISO on the path forward for New England



Information on the Pathways study is available at: <a href="https://www.iso-ne.com/committees/key-projects/new-englands-future-grid-initiative-key-project">https://www.iso-ne.com/committees/key-projects/new-englands-future-grid-initiative-key-project</a>

#### **Overview of Studies Supporting Future Grid**

- Weather: Operational Impacts of Extreme Weather Events
  - Rigorously model likelihood and impact
  - Discussion of initial steps commenced in May, <u>study</u> is expected to take 15-18 months (continuing into 2023)
- Transmission: 2050 Transmission Study
  - What transmission is needed to support renewable/high load future
  - Initial results presented at the <u>Planning Advisory Committee</u> in March and April
- Operations: Future Grid Reliability Study (Phase 1)
  - Examine operational effects of renewable-heavy grid, <u>initial results available</u>
  - The most up-to-date information is available here
- Markets: Pathways to the Future Grid
  - Evaluate different market options to support a renewable-heavy grid
  - Final report available
- Reliability: Transmission Planning for the Clean Energy Transition
  - How should near-term needs assessments evolve with renewables?
  - Final report available





### **Key Takeaways**

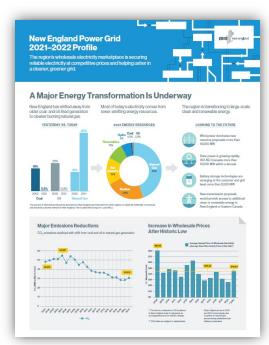
- New England's power system has undergone a significant shift in the resource mix
- State policies are driving further investments in renewable and clean energy
- Electricity demand will increase significantly with the electrification of the heating and transportation sectors
- ISO New England is working with the states and stakeholders to support the region's clean energy transition

#### **ISO New England Releases Several Publications**



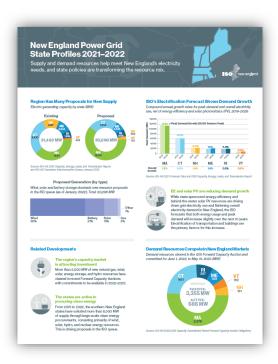


Provides an in-depth look at
New England's biggest challenges to
power system reliability, the solutions
the region is pursuing, and other ISO
New England efforts to improve
services and performance



#### **New England Power Grid Profile**

Provides key grid and market stats on how New England's wholesale electricity markets are securing reliable electricity at competitive prices and helping usher in a cleaner, greener grid

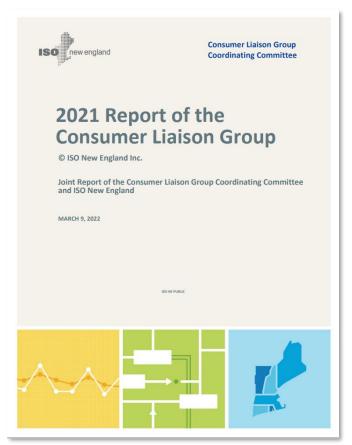


#### **New England State Profiles**

Provides state-specific facts and figures relating to supply and demand resources tied into the New England electric grid and state policies transforming the resource mix in the region

#### Consumer Liaison Group: 2021 Report, 2022 Meetings

- On March 9, the ISO and the CLG Coordinating Committee posted the 2021 annual report
- 2022 meeting dates:
  - June 9
  - September 15
  - November 30
- CLG meetings are:
  - A forum for sharing information between ISO New England and electricity consumers in the region
  - Developed by the CLG Coordinating Committee and facilitated by ISO New England
  - Free and open to the public



2021 CLG Annual Report is posted at: <a href="https://www.iso-ne.com/static-assets/documents/2022/03/2021">https://www.iso-ne.com/static-assets/documents/2022/03/2021</a> report of the consumer liaison group final.pdf

More information on the CLG is available at: https://www.iso-ne.com/committees/industry-collaborations/consumer-liaison/

#### FOR MORE INFORMATION...



#### Subscribe to the ISO Newswire

<u>ISO Newswire</u> is your source for regular news about ISO New England and the wholesale electricity industry within the six-state region



#### Log on to ISO Express

<u>ISO Express</u> provides real-time data on New England's wholesale electricity markets and power system operations



#### Follow the ISO on Twitter

@isonewengland



#### Follow the ISO on LinkedIn

@iso-new-england

#### **Download the ISO to Go App**

<u>ISO to Go</u> is a free mobile application that puts real-time wholesale electricity pricing and power grid information in the palm of your hand









# Questions



