

Gas/Electric Interdependence: Challenges & Opportunities

Consumer Liaison Group Meeting

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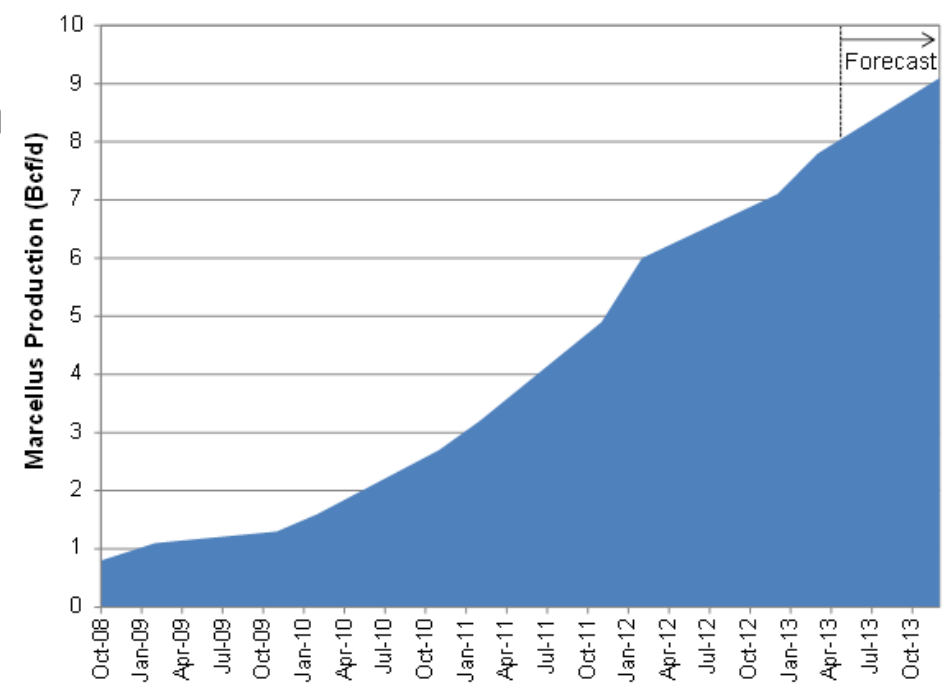
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MARKET DESIGN, ECONOMICS AND POWER SYSTEMS

Primary Issues

- ◆ Marcellus shale E&P bolsters supply but not deliverability
- ◆ Decreased reliance on LNG imports
- ◆ Decline in gas portfolio diversity -- pipeline economic obsolescence
- ◆ Potential infrastructure expansion efforts
- ◆ Gas / electric coordination initiatives
- ◆ Possible solutions and impacts on end users

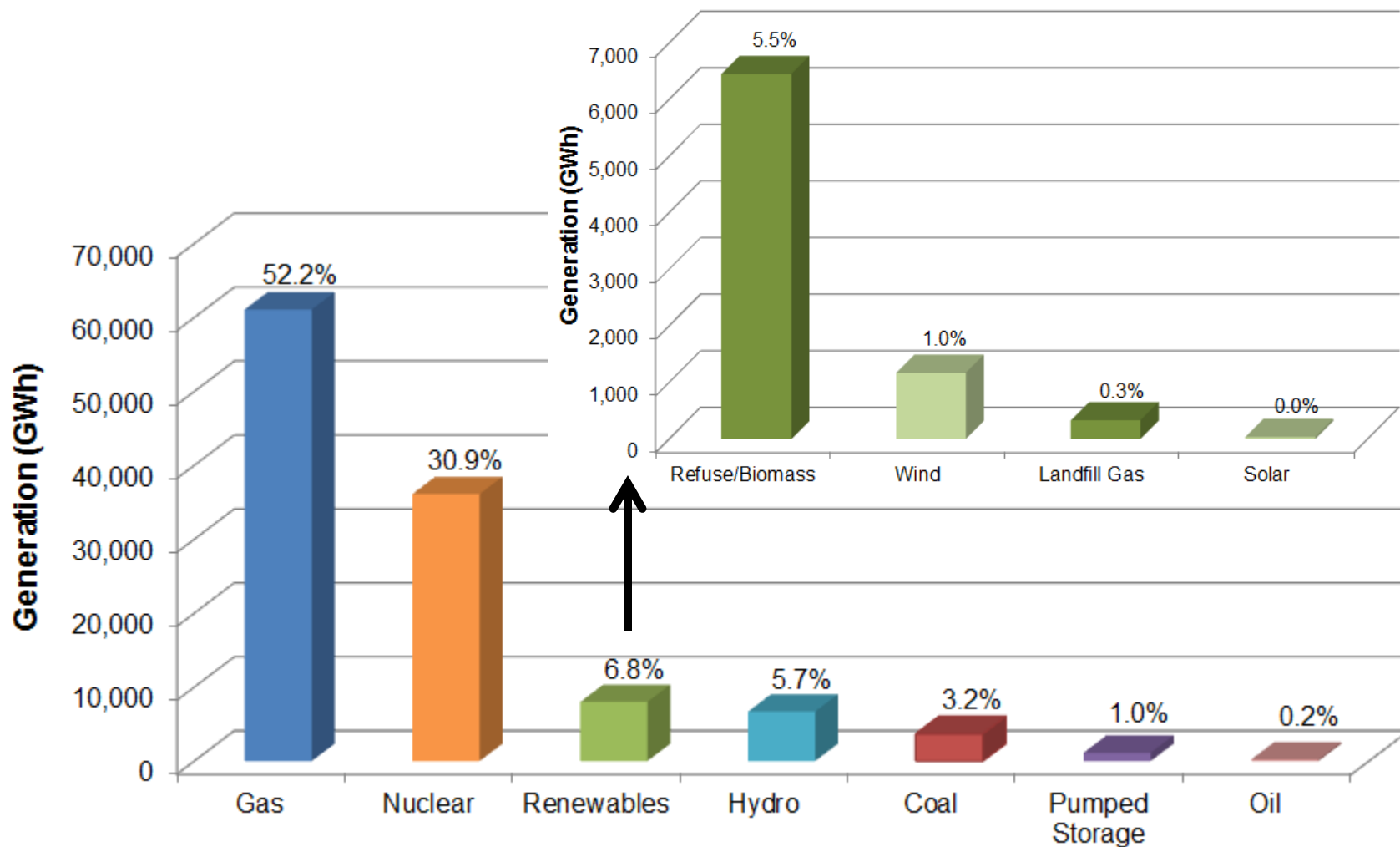
Radical Change in Traditional Flows

- ◆ Shale gas fundamentally altering traditional flows
 - Long haul transportation from WCSB obsolete
 - Marcellus gas supplanting gas from GoM and Canada
 - Declining Sable Island production, uncertainty around Deep Panuke
 - Reversal of flow through New York / Ontario
 - LNG imports limited to contract quantities, periodic arbitrage
 - Flexible cargoes to EU or Asia



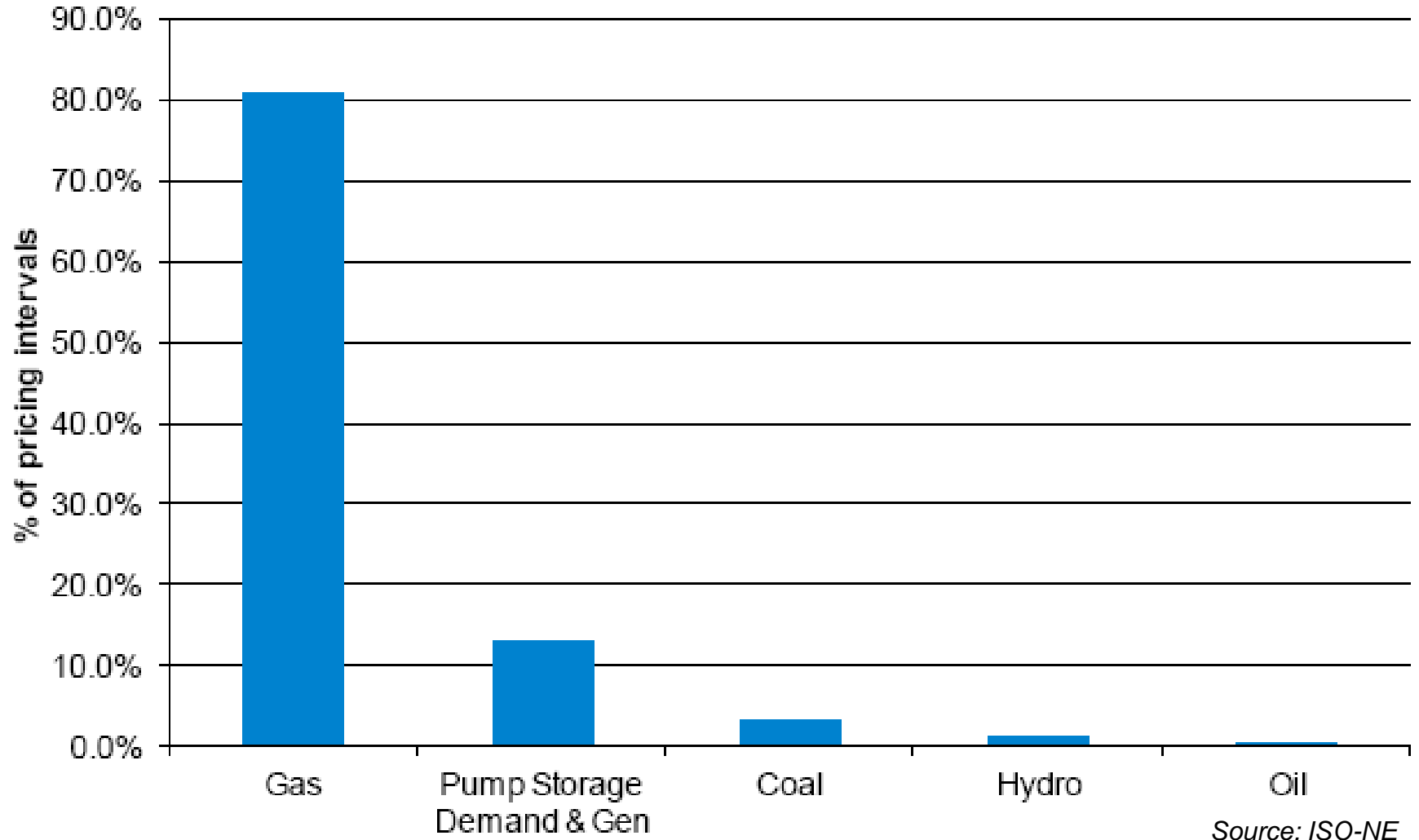
Source: Bentek Energy

Dependence on Gas for Electric Generation



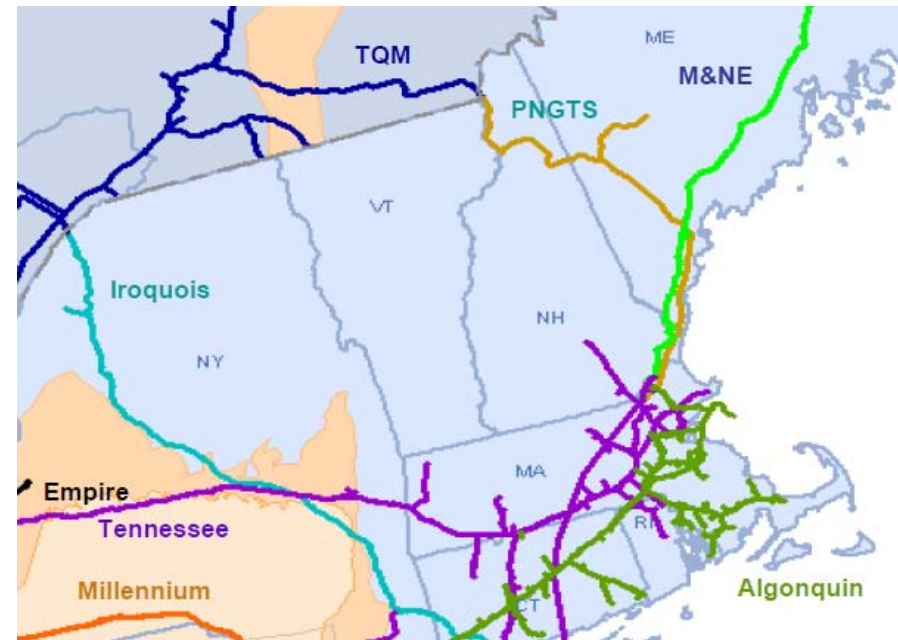
Source: ISO-NE

Energy Prices in New England Driven by Delivered Gas Cost



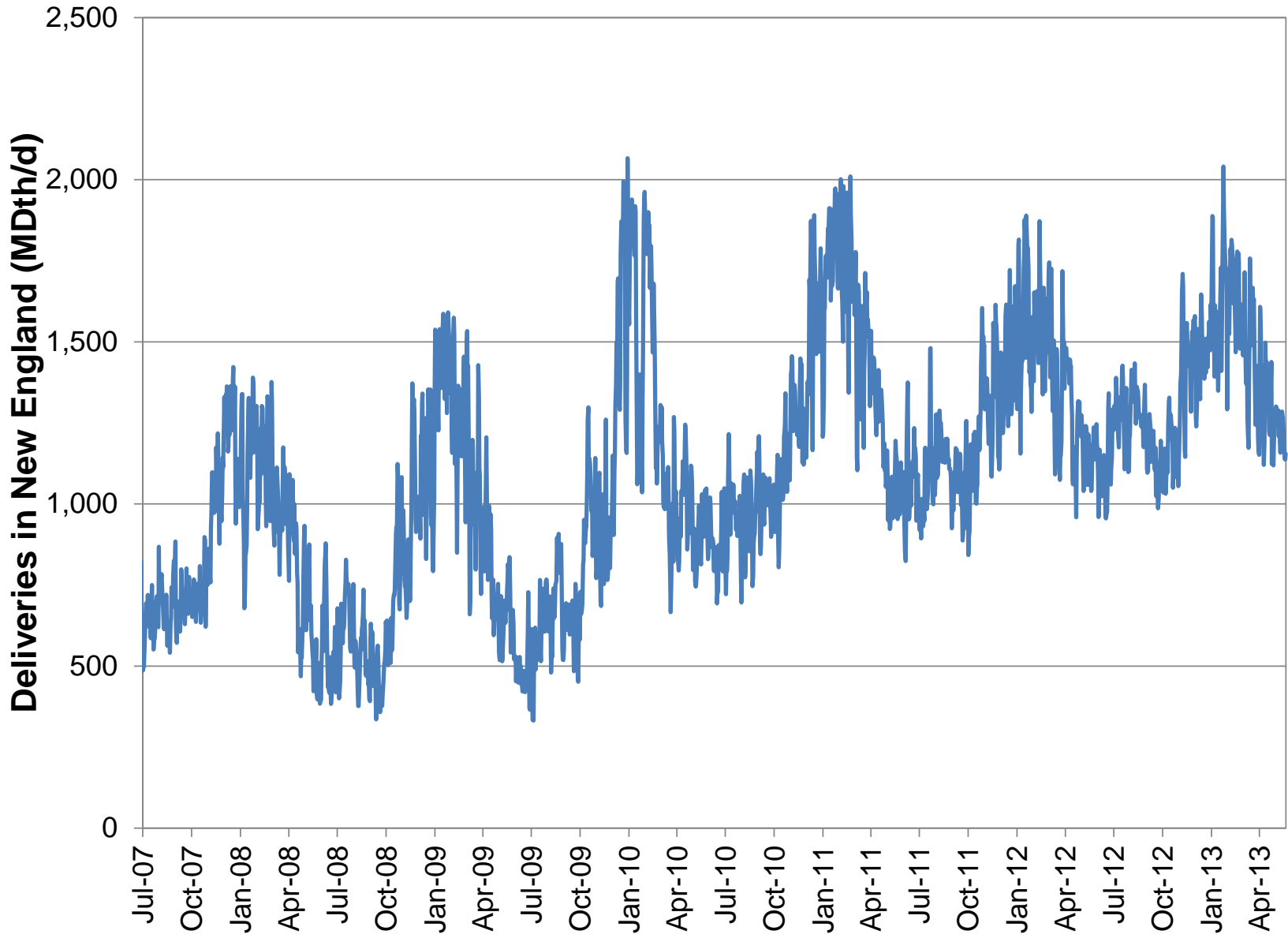
New England Pipeline Infrastructure

- ◆ High utilization on Algonquin and Tennessee
- ◆ Moderate utilization on IGTS, low utilization on PNGTS (may soon increase)
- ◆ M&N utilization low with Sable Island depletion, Deep Panuke delays, Repsol
- ◆ Virtually no use of offshore LNG import terminals

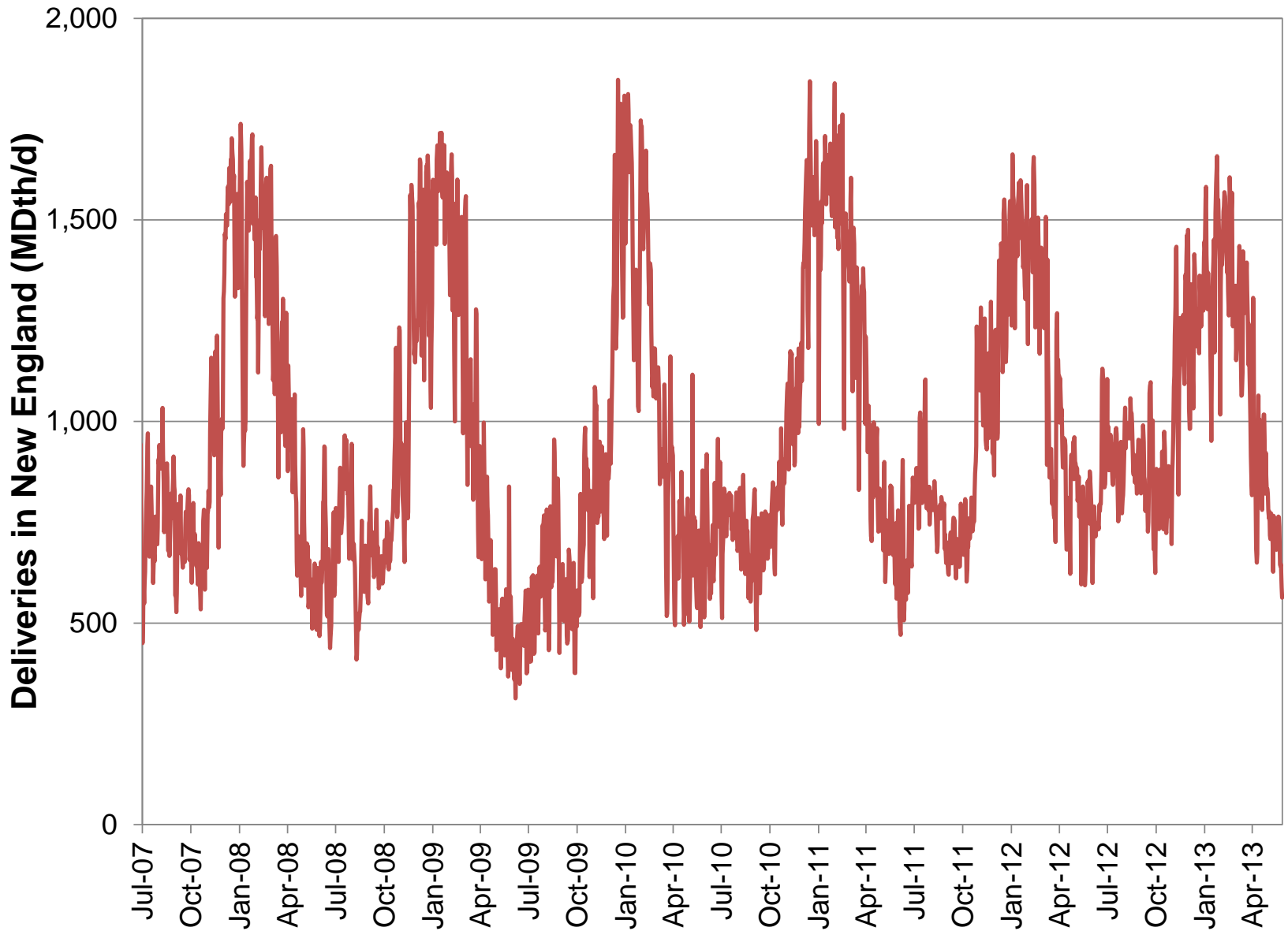


Source: NGA Regional Market Trends Forum

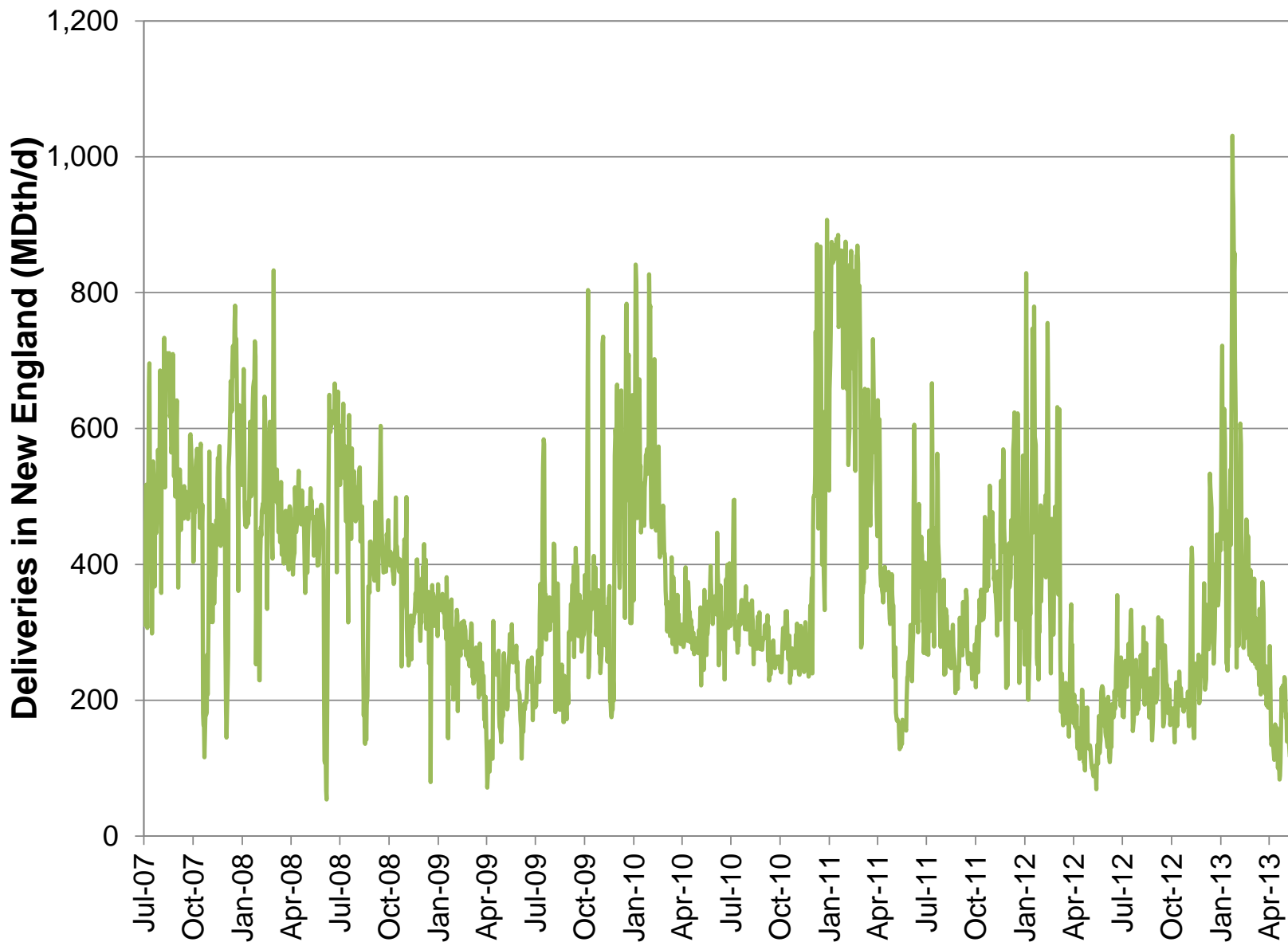
Algonquin Deliveries in New England



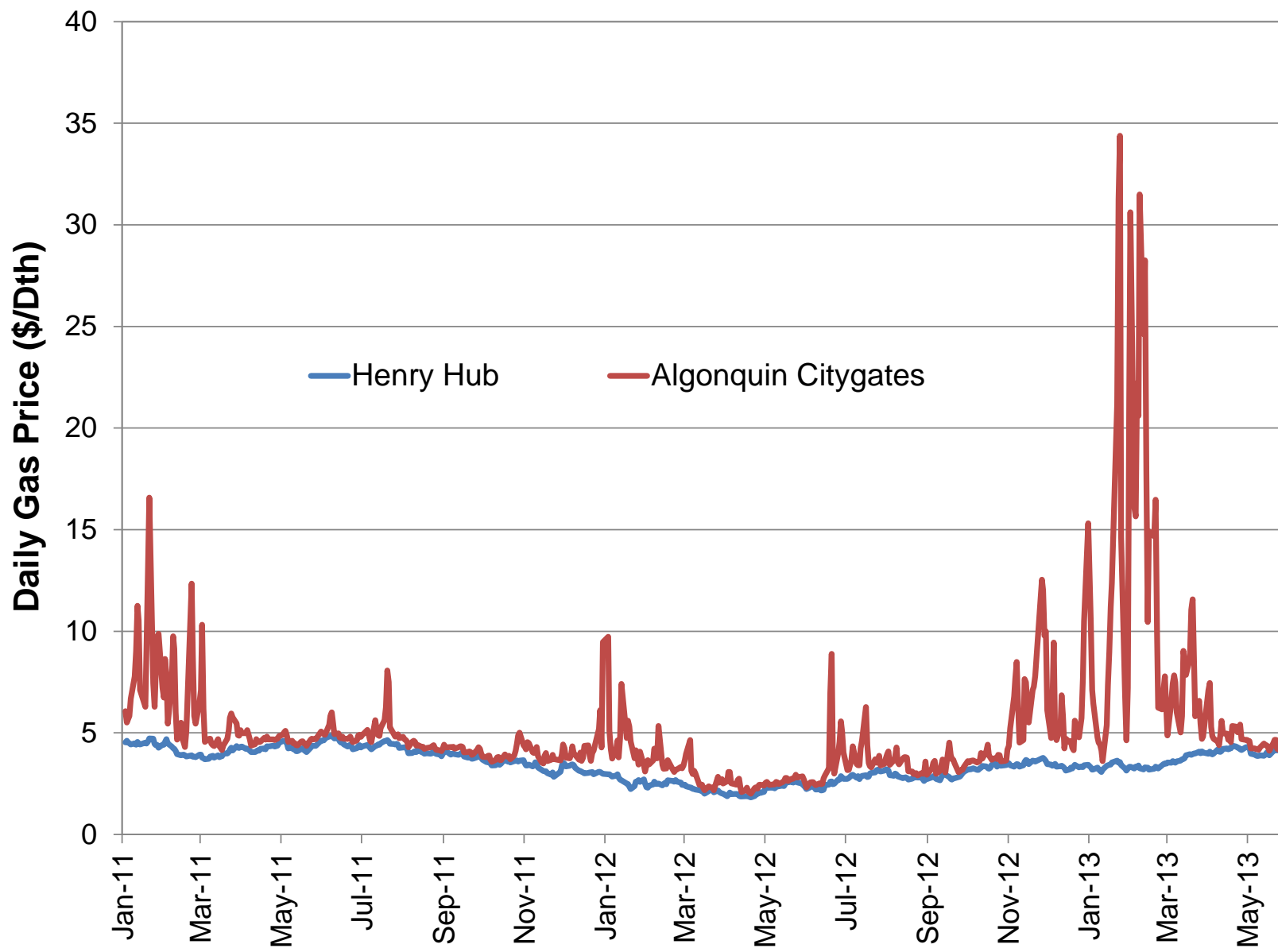
Tennessee Deliveries in New England



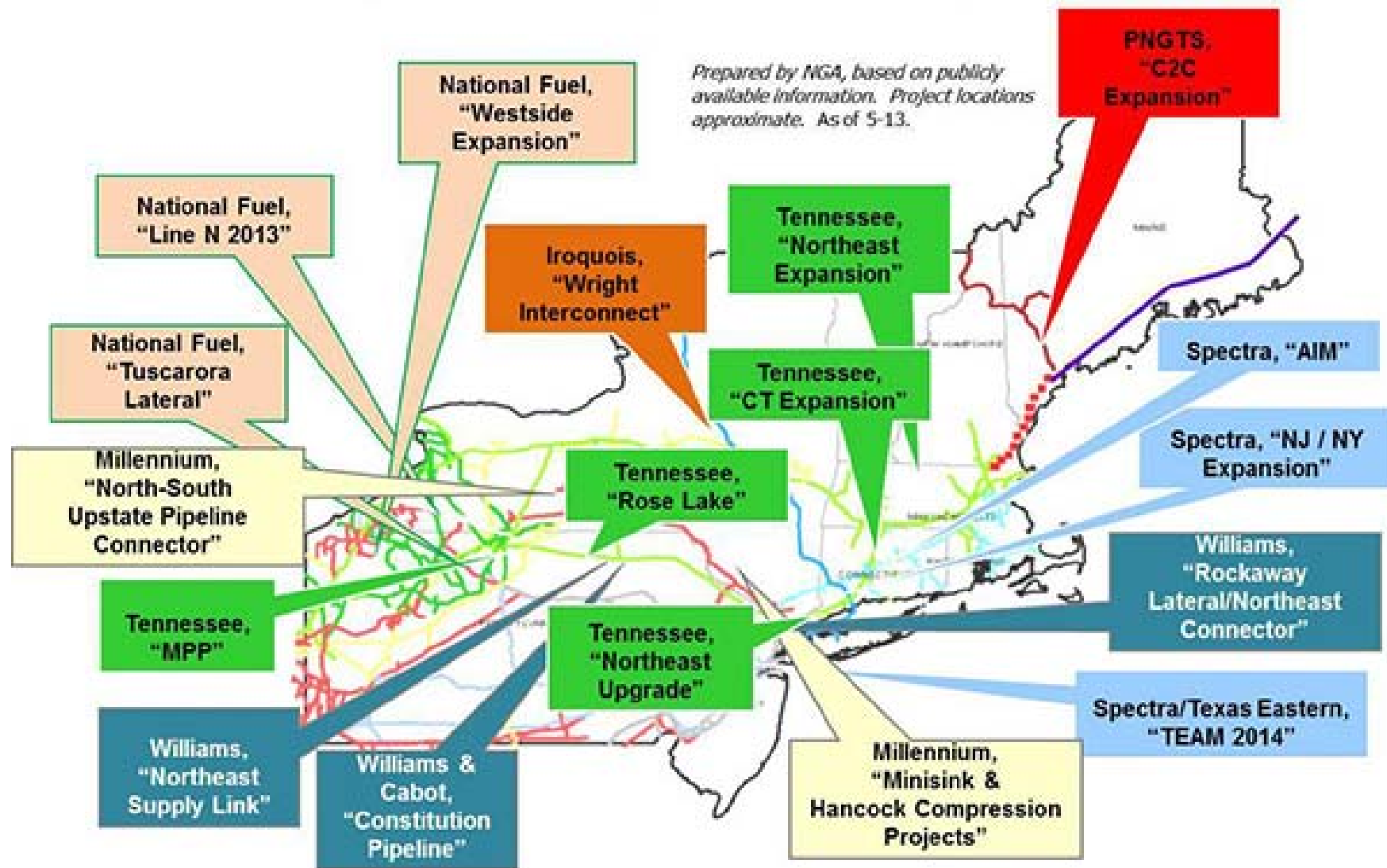
M&N Deliveries in New England



NE Pays a Premium During Tight Conditions



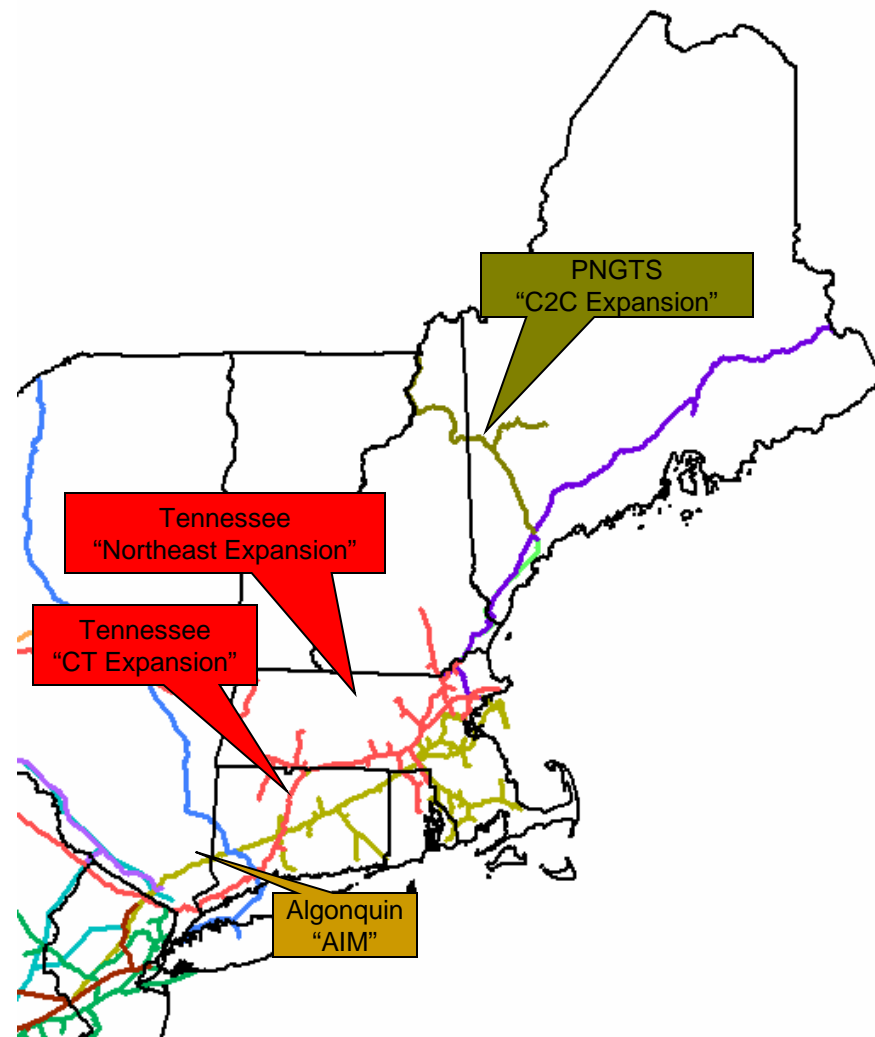
Pipeline Expansion Projects in Northeast



Source: Northeast Gas Association

Pipeline Expansion Projects in New England

- ◆ C2C Expansion may nearly double PNGTS mainline capacity (from 168 MDth/d to 300-350 MDth/d)
- ◆ AIM may add ~450 MDth/d capacity to NE markets
- ◆ NE Expansion links TGP Marcellus receipts to Iroquois / NE, may add 500+MDth/d
- ◆ CT Expansion adds 72 MDth/d to TN Lines 200/300



Source: Northeast Gas Association

Can NE's Current Infrastructure Meet the Region's Generation Fuel Needs?

- ◆ Significant gas-fired MW unavailable during January cold snap and Nemo
- ◆ Increasing P/L utilization west-to-east means limited IT availability and reduced quality of secondary releases
- ◆ Generators w/ non-firm transport
 - No guaranteed supply during high gas demand day
 - RFO inventories normally kept low
 - ULSD inventories normally kept low
- ◆ Generator recovery of cost for firm-up initiatives
- ◆ ISO-NE is pursuing short term tactical and long term strategic measures to manage risk
- ◆ Stakeholder and FERC process presently a wildcard

ISO-NE Solutions

Short Term

- ◆ Improve scheduling, information sharing between gas/electric entities
- ◆ Add more reserves
- ◆ Issue “Gap RFP” for stopgap energy/capacity/fuels products

Long Term

- ◆ FCM Performance Incentives
- ◆ Potential retooling of OATT penalty structure for non-performance due to fuel delivery constraints

FCM Performance Incentives

- ◆ Will reward/penalize resources for availability/unavailability when dispatched
- ◆ Payment system is revenue neutral but may create incentives for gas generators to achieve fuel assurance
 - Firm Transportation
 - Backup fuel
 - Call options on replenishment
- ◆ Fuel assurance methods create new expenses which will be priced into FCM bids